

The Chelsea Standard

THE CHELSEA HERALD, Established 1871
THE CHELSEA STANDARD, Established 1880

CHELSEA, MICHIGAN, THURSDAY, JANUARY 12, 1911.

VOLUME 40. NO. 23

DRUG STORE COMFORTS

There are many things for your convenience and comfort in our drug department. Ice Caps, Bath Brushes, Sponges, Chamois, Hot Water Bags, Toilet Necessities, Face Lotions, Cold Cream. Whenever there is anything you want from a drug store, come to us and you will secure the best of service and quality.

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Every pound of Flour that goes out of store is fully guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction. Otherwise your money back or Flour exchanged. We believe in the Flours we sell and so do our customers. Here are our BRANDS and PRICES:

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Lily White.....	75c
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FARM FENCE.

Now is the time to leave your order for Farm Fence. We have some of the best makes and prices to suit.

HOLMES & WALKER

WE WILL ALWAYS TREAT YOU RIGHT.

Grant & Wood Manufacturing Co. In Big Industrial Merger

Yesterday papers were filed in Lansing of the biggest industrial merger of the year and one in which Chelsea is particularly interested from the fact that the merger includes the Grant & Wood Manufacturing Company of this place and is known as the Flanders Manufacturing Company.

The new company, of which Walter E. Flanders, president of the E. M. F. Co., is the moving spirit, includes the Flanders group of factories at Pontiac as well as the Grant & Wood Manufacturing Company here and is capitalized at \$2,250,000.

The Pontiac factories consist of buildings just completed and of which the gear works and foundry are now in operation, and the machinery is being placed in the drop forging department as rapidly as possible.

The Chelsea branch will continue to manufacture automatic screw machines, screw machine products and balls for ball bearings, while the Pontiac branch will engage in manufacture of motor cycles and the making of automobile parts.

The vehicle the new company will produce is named the bi-mobile, a two wheeled automobile and it is understood that they are also planning on a tri-mobile a three wheeled light delivery auto. Mr. Flanders has long held that there was a demand for a motor cycle by men of modest means who could not afford an automobile at present prices, and there is no doubt that the new company will have something interesting to give out in the matter of prices on their new machines when the same are ready for the market.

The directors of the new company will be Walter E. Flanders, Dr. Jas. B. Book, Wm. T. Barbour, president Detroit Stove company, Clement Studebaker, jr., South Bend, treasurer Studebaker Manufacturing company of South Bend, and of the E-M-F company; John T. Shaw, president First National bank, and Arthur O. Smith, Milwaukee, who is head of the largest steel stamping plant in the world. The active officers will be as follows: President, Robert M. Brownson, formerly secretary and treasurer of the E-M-F company; vice-president A. O. Smith; secretary, James B. Book, jr.; treasurer, Harry L. Stanton.

While it is insisted that there are no closer relations between the E-M-F company and the Flanders Manufacturing company than appear on the surface, the appearance of Clement Studebaker, jr., on the board of directors is regarded as significant. For some time rumors have been given circulation to the effect that Mr. Flanders would sever his connections with the E-M-F company and devote himself to his other interests. The object of this was apparent, and Mr. Flanders took occasion yesterday to say very emphatically that he would remain at the head of the E-M-F company. At the same time he will give the company which bears his name the benefit of his advice and counsel.

It will be noticed that most of the directors in the new company are the men who joined with Mr. Flanders in financing the E-M-F company, and the present move has all the earmarks of a cementing of friendly interests, which may assume a more tangible form in the future. The plants which have been consolidated are in charge of men who began with Mr. Flanders in the E-M-F company.

A rapid resume of the situation shows that the Studebaker company is now interested in the manufacture of wagons, carriages and automobiles, both gasoline and electric. The Flanders Manufacturing company will compass the field covered by the usefulness of the motorcycle in various forms, with facilities for branching out to meet future demands in the field of locomotion. Mr. Flanders is the pivotal figure in most of these enterprises, and Mr. Studebaker stands as the connecting link between the two companies, so that it is not a very difficult matter to arrive at a conclusion.

When the E-M-F company was organized Mr. Flanders laid down the principal that the men who assisted in building up the business should be given a proportionate share of the profits. To bring that about blocks of stock were laid aside for the heads of departments, to be earned by them. The result was that when the company was sold these men were presented with good sized fortunes. In the new company Mr. Flanders has insisted that the same plan be followed, as he holds that the laborer is worthy of his hire and that the best way to insure co-operation is to put the square deal in force.

Annual Meeting.

The annual meeting of the Congregational church and society was held at the church Monday evening. Written reports were received from the Ladies' Guild, which now has \$230 in the treasury, The Christian Endeavor Society, the Women's Missionary Society which raised for missions \$125, the Sunday school which reports the most flourishing year in its history, and the newly organized Brotherhood. Every report indicated a prosperous condition of affairs. The pastor has made 606 pastoral calls and officiated at 14 funerals during the year.

One of the important items of business was the adoption of a new plan for raising the missionary apportionment of the church. This will be done by a canvass of the society thus eliminating appeals for funds at the church services.

The entire amount given by the church and its varied departments for missions was \$300 of which \$100 was for foreign missions and \$200 for the Home Societies.

The officers elected are as follows: Trustees—F. H. Belser, R. D. Walker.

Clerk of Society—Chauncey Freeman.

Deacons—F. H. Sweetland, Wm. Davidson, F. E. Storms, S. A. Mapes. Deaconesses—Mrs. C. M. Davis, Miss Mantie Spaulding, Mrs. A. A. Van-Tyne.

Church Clerk—Miss Emma Wines. Treasurer Benevolent Funds—L. T. Freeman.

Morning Ushers—R. D. Walker, D. H. Wurster.

Evening Ushers—James Schmidt, Paul Belser.

Annual Business Meeting.

At the annual business meeting of the Epworth League Society of the M. E. church, the following officers were elected for the ensuing year: President—Prof. F. Hendry. First Vice President—Miss Grace Fletcher.

Second Vice President—Miss Esther Riemenschneider.

Third Vice President—Miss Dorothy McEldowney.

Social Committee—Lyle Runciman and Miss Josephine Bacon.

Chorister—F. K. McEldowney.

Pianist—Esther Riemenschneider.

Secretary—H. Riemenschneider.

Treasurer—Charles Carpenter.

Farmers' Club Meeting.

The Western Washtenaw Farmers' Club will hold its next meeting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Howard Everett, Friday, January 20th. The following is the program:

Music.

Roll call. New Year resolutions.

Recitation, R. B. Waltrous.

Is the credit system a benefit to the farmer? Walter Dancer.

Music.

Reading, Mrs. G. W. Palmer.

The farm home and all it should represent, Mrs. Emily Boynton.

Music.

Held Annual Meeting.

The German Farmers' Mutual Fire Insurance company held its annual meeting at the court house in Ann Arbor Monday and re-elected President Fred Flegel, Pittsfield; vice president, Gottlob Mann, Freedom; and secretary, Carl Braun, Ann Arbor.

The secretary's report showed the business to be in a prosperous condition, the gain in capital during the past year having been \$353,995. The capital at the beginning of the year was \$5,697,475; at the end \$6,051,470. The losses settled during the year amounted to \$9,434.61. There were 30 fires, 14 of them caused by lightning. The losses sustained amounted to considerably more than usual.

Committee Appointments.

Hon. John Kaimbach has been appointed member of the following legislative committees by Speaker Baker:

Judiciary Committee.

Revision and amendment of constitution.

State Capitol and other public buildings.

State Public School.

Ends Winter's Troubles.

To many, winter is a season of trouble. The frost-bitten toes and fingers, chapped hands and lips, chilblains, cold-sores, red and rough skins, prove this. But such troubles may be forewarned by the use of a trial convinces. Greatest healer of burns, boils, piles, cuts, sores, bruises, eczema and sprains. Only 25c at L. T. Freeman Co., H. H. Fenn Co., L. P. Vogel. Only 35c at L. T. Freeman Co., H. H. Fenn Co., L. P. Vogel.

Louis Adam Eppler.

The residents of this place were startled to learn of the death of Louis Adam Eppler, who died shortly after three o'clock Monday morning, following an operation which had been performed Sunday evening for a strangulated hernia.

Friday evening a sleighload of thirty-six of the ninth grade of the Chelsea high school went to the home of Mr. and Mrs. Louis Wright, of Lyndon, to spend the evening, and Louis was one of the number. The team which started out with the load gave out near the home of Frank Lusty, and they secured one of the teams of Mr. Lusty to continue the trip, and the team which started from here was taken charge of by Louis Eppler and Meryl Shaver, who spent some of their time in doing stunts on the horses, and in so doing the animals, separated, Shaver falling to the road and Louis fell upon the hames of the harness on the horse which he was riding, which opened up an old rupture.

Shortly after the mishap, the party secured another sleigh and the load was divided up, but none of the crowd was aware that Louis was injured, and while he spent the evening very quietly it was not known by those present that he was suffering intense pain until he went to the bedroom to put on his overcoat to return and he then fainted. A physician was called and all was done that was possible for him.

Miss Wightman, one of the teachers who went with the scholars, and has had experience as a nurse, remained at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Wright with the injured boy until he was removed to the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Adam Eppler, Sunday forenoon. Late Sunday evening Dr. Darling and his assistant, from Ann Arbor, performed an operation, but the young boy could not survive the shock.

Louis Adam Eppler was born in Chelsea 15 years ago, the 24th day of last December, and was the only son Mr. and Mrs. Adam Eppler. He was a bright boy and highly esteemed by his schoolmates, and the parents have the sympathy of a host of friends in their sad affliction. Louis was a member of St. Paul's church and Sunday school. He is survived by his parents, three sisters, a number of uncles, aunts and cousins.

The funeral was held from the home at 10 o'clock and from St. Paul's church at 10:30 o'clock, sun time, Thursday morning, Rev. A. A. Schoen officiating, and was attended by the teachers and pupils of the Chelsea high school. The interment was at Oak Grove cemetery.

The Chelsea merchants closed their places of business during the funeral hour.

Wesley Westfall.

Wesley Westfall was born in Ontario county, N. Y., October 11, 1830. He came with his parents to Washtenaw county in 1837, and spent his youthful days on his father's farm. October 1, 1867, he married Jennie Stewart, daughter of DeWitt and Mary Stewart of Isabella county, Mich. To them were born two children, Nelson and May. Mr. Westfall used the first steam thrasher ever brought inside the borders of Washtenaw county on July 28, 1870.

He resided on his farm three miles east of Chelsea until 1887, when he removed with his family to Oregon, where he has since resided. He died December 30th 1910, of heart failure after an illness of four weeks, at the age of 80 years, 2 months and 19 days. He leaves a wife and two children, Nelson D. Westfall of Sacramento, Cal., and Mrs. Porter S. King of Portland, Oregon, to mourn the loss of an indulgent husband and kind father.

Teachers' Institute.

Supt. L. L. Wright has called a Teachers' Institute for Washtenaw county for Monday, January 23, 1911. The meeting will be held in the Ann Arbor High School auditorium and will begin at 9:30 a. m.

Prof. W. D. Henderson of the U. of M. and Pres. E. B. Bryan of Colgate University, Hamilton, N. Y., will be the speaker. Pres. Bryan will also speak Monday night.

The school law provides that teachers who attend the institute shall be paid for that day. Washington's birthday, coming in the middle of the week breaks up the work and the commissioner of schools suggests that the teachers hold school on that day and appropriately observe it. The day spent at the institute should bear fruit in better school sentiment and work on their part and will be a gain to the district.

The schools of Ypsilanti, Ann Arbor, and of the villages will close for the institute. The meeting is an institute and the teachers' association combined.

You Can't Afford to Stay Away From

Chelsea and Freeman's Store

At All Times You'll
Find Bargains Here

WE ARE SELLING

Pure Buckwheat Flour, 25 pound sack, 70c	French Crisp Butter Crackers, 3 1/2 pounds for 25c
Jackson Gem Flour, Warranted, per sack, 65c	Fancy, light color, fine flavor, Table Syrup, per gallon, 35c
Fancy Klindried Cornmeal, Per pound 21c	Choice Breakfast Bacon, Per pound 20c
Finest Rolled Oats, Free from chaff, 7 pounds for 25c	Fancy Leaf Lard, Per pound 14c

THE BEST COFFEES SOLD AT LOWEST PRICES THAN ANY OTHER STORE

Good New Orleans Molasses, Per gallon 25c	Quinine Pills, 2 grain, per 100, 80c
Dill Pickles, crisp and tasty, Per dozen 20c	Lithia Tablets, per bottle, 23c
5 bars regular 10c size, Ivory Soap for 34c	Cuticura Soap, 25c size for 80c
5 pounds H. & E. Cut Loaf Sugar, for 35c	1 box Rexall Pearl Tooth Powder and any 25c tooth brush for 25c
2 regular 25c packages Gold Dust, for 35c	Pearl's Violet Talcum Powder, per box, 9c
7 No. 3 size Cans, fancy, red, ripe Tomatoes for 54c	25c cake Shampoo Soap, good, per cake, 13c
3 regular 10c cans Eye, for 22c	Pure Witch Hazel Extract, per pint, 20c
2 regular 10c packages Celluloid Starch 15c	Effervescent Sodium Phosphate, 30c bottle for 25c
3 cakes Kitchen Sapolio, for 19c	50c Townley's Kinney Pills, for 200
10 bars regular 5c size white Floating Soap for 34c	10c Cake of Hand Sapolio, for 7c
6 one-pound packages extra quality Lump Starch, for 24c	Colgate's Shaving Soap, 3 cakes for 80c
10 bars regular 5c size Acme Soap for 32c	Rexall Beef, Iron and Wine, large bottle, 50c
6 packages regular one-pound size Corn Starch for 24c	Best Absorbent Cotton, per pound, 25c
4 ounces pure Lemon Extract, finest made, for 19c	Plasters for lame backs, each 80c
4 ounces pure Vanilla Extract, finest made, for 34c	Johnson's 25c Red Cross Kidney Plasters, each, 20c
Best Denatured Alcohol, per gallon, 60c	3 regular 10c size boxes Charcoal Tablets for 25c
Pure Castor Oil, per pint 25c	Playing Cards, 10c kind, 2 packages for 15c
Colgate's Talcum Powder, per package, 15c	Playing Cards, 50c kind, 1 pack for 34c
Mennen's Talcum Powder, per package, 15c	Nickel Plated Card Punches, each, 40c
Pure Glycerine, per pound, 33c	New Tally Cards, per dozen 60c
Best Peroxide Hydrogen, 1-4 pound, 40c	Place Cards and Favor, per dozen, 10c and 5c

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When a man has a bank account it implies confidence in himself and others.

IT COSTS YOU NO MORE to pay your bills by check than to pay in cash. To pay by check gives you safety, puts system and accuracy into every business transaction.

START A CHECKING ACCOUNT today. All accounts—small and large—receive the same careful attention. Call and let us explain.

Farmers & Merchants Bank

OFFICERS:

JOHN F. WALTRous, Pres. PETER MERKEL, 1st Vice Pres.
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Something You Should Know

ABOUT STOVE BUYING.

You want the worth of your money—surely. But, can you tell the real worth of a stove on sight?—it's difficult—and it's so easy to make mistakes.

Then, WHY EXPERIMENT?

Select a stove absolutely warranted by past record—one that commands the confidence of the majority of stove buyers—that the majority have proven to be the best. That is infallible evidence of superiority; your best assurance of worth; an absolute guarantee of Quality.

GARLAND Stoves and Ranges

For 38 years have had the greatest sale of any stoves and ranges in the world. Today, they command more stove buyers than any other. That's strong evidence and that's one reason why we ask you to investigate this world-famous line to decide as millions have done to their satisfaction—to buy a "GARLAND."

Call now and let us show you.

F. H. BELSER

THE ONE PRICE STORE.

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CHELSEA, MICHIGAN.

AEROPLANES FOR BATTLESHIPS.

An aeroplane costs \$5,000. An armored cruiser costs \$5,000,000. The cost of our armored cruisers, the Tennessee and the Montana, have been rendered obsolete by the inflexible and the Von der Tann. Nor are we building new ones to succeed them. Therefore the aeroplane, as an adjunct to the battleship, becomes a matter of interest, both tactically and economically. The coming attempt of an aeroplane to fly from the deck of an ocean steamer back to New York harbor is a matter of prime moment. Though the federal government has awarded the order detailing torpedo boats to assist in the experiment, the navy department will keep official watch on it. The result of this experiment may determine whether the naval authorities will equip the next new battleship with an aeroplane and the necessary facilities for making a flight from the ship's deck while at sea. The advent of the battleship-cruiser has made our best cruisers nothing but scouts, and not rapid ones, says the Chicago Record-Herald. Yet the cost of their maintenance is almost that of a dreadnought. If the aeroplane can perform scout duty at sea, the cost of constructing and maintaining our navy will be immensely reduced. This new application of aeronautics to naval warfare seems, at present, a delicate and difficult matter. It will require expert aviators aboard ship and highly favorable conditions all around. Yet skilled and daring flyers are rapidly increasing in number and the ability to cope with varied atmospheric conditions is developing to match.

Showing American agricultural products alongside those of England and Scotland in those two countries may not strike many as promising valuable results to our people. But in other ways there seem to be opportunities. John N. McCune, our consul at Glasgow, writes that he considers it a great mistake that American farm and dairy outputs are not on exhibition at the farmers' weekly markets in such Scotch towns as Kilmarnock, Kirkcubright and other places of like character. It appears that the excellence of such devices is their own commendation. The inventive American mind has gone very far in contriving apparatus which economizes time and effort and increases efficiency, as the use of such appliances there has been slower, but the Scotch are quick to perceive advantages such as the American outfits assure, and Consul McCune's hint might be taken with advantage to all concerned.

Carlyle once told a man who was financially interested in gold mining that all the gold ever produced by California was not worth one good meal of potatoes. And yet the potato in Scotland has a history of less than 200 years, says the Edinburgh Dispatch. When Macdonald of Clanranald, in 1743 brought seed potatoes for his tenants in South Uist they objected to planting them because the potato is not mentioned in the Bible! Somewhat later George Bachop, one of the Ochertyre tenants, when told by his wife that she had potatoes for supper, contemptuously replied: "Tatties! tatties! I never suppit on them a' my days, and winna the night. Gie them to the herd, gie me sowens."

Cape Town once lived under so severe a code of sumptuary laws that anything like display was restricted to the governor and his immediate circle. Thus runs Article VI. of the Dutch laws against luxury and ostentation: "No one less in rank than a junior merchant and those among the citizens of equal rank and the wives and daughters only of those who are or have been members of any council shall venture to use umbrellas." In practice this restricted the possession and use of umbrellas to about 50 persons in Cape Town.

An inventor in New York claims to have perfected a solid fuel for automobiles, the chief advantages of which are that it gives off no odor and is smokeless. As soon as we are assured that this new fuel is as he represents it to be we shall start a movement for the purpose of having him accepted as one of the country's heroes.

A Puxnatunney (Pa.) man has invented a pocket telephone, about eight inches long, two inches broad and an inch thick, which can be used by putting a plug attached to it into a hole in boxes fixed on the telephone poles around the town. The idea is ingenious, but is the Puxnatunney pocket big enough for the device?

One reason New York city is so congested is that they can enlarge the island only upward and downward.

BAR FREE LABOR FROM THE PRISON

Governor Makes Some Startling Suggestions.

TO END TRAFFIC IN DRUGS

Osborn Strongly Indorses Any Action Which May Do Away With the Entry of the Free Man-Tin of Opium is Exhibited.

Lansing.—Governor Osborn came from Lansing to attend the meeting of the Michigan state board of prison management. He was invited to preside, but declined, saying he preferred to be present as a "pupil." At any event, he proved to be a most apt pupil, for before the meeting was over he made some startling suggestions which were taken by the members of the board with extreme respect.

The most radical statement made by the governor, during a discussion of the abuse of the contracts which has allowed "free" men, men who are employed by the contractors of labor to work in the prison, though they are not convicts, to sell and give convicts drugs, such as morphine and opium. During the discussion following the submission of the matter by Nathan Simpson, new warden of the prison, who exhibited a tin of opium confiscated by a guard from a prisoner Thursday, the governor strongly indorsed any action which may do away with the entry of the free men into the prison. Mr. Simpson declared it is impossible to stop the traffic in the drugs while these men are allowed to enter the institution. Governor Osborn then stated the plan should be abolished and when it was suggested that contracts held by the employers might get the state into trouble, he exclaimed:

"If their coming into the prison is a detriment to the institution, bar them. If the contractors want to sue the state, let them sue."

Following this, the board went into an executive session.

The governor sprung on the board a copy of the report of McPherson & Co., expert accountants who checked up the books of the prison following ex-Warden Armstrong's dismissal.

To Remove Officers of Dairy Board.

With the appointment of Gilbert M. Dame as dairy and food commissioner to succeed Colin C. Lillie, will come the removal of practically every officer and expert of the department. Information secured confirms the report that never in the history of the department has it faced such a house-cleaning.

Gilbert Dame is certain to be dairy and food commissioner, but it was known positively that Mr. Dame had no idea who all his important aides are going to be. Practically every appointment will be dictated by Governor Osborn.

N. P. Hull will not be deputy commissioner. Floyd Robison will not be state analyst. William Robison, the analyst's brother, and several of the other assistant chemists are scheduled for removal. There is a possibility that Chief Clerk Smith, a veteran in the department, will stick. The change in department inspectors will be wholesale. Several weeks ago it was thought that Mr. Hull might stick, but the success of Representative Baker in his fight for the speakership has decided that issue.

It is claimed that Governor Osborn is handling the sub-appointments personally in an effort to reduce as far as possible the friction which has existed for some time between officials of the department. But it is known that a number of the governor's hardest workers are anxious to land jobs for themselves or friends in the dairy and food department. Mr. Dame refused to comment in any way on the impending changes.

State Analyst Robinson, recognized as one of the nation's best, made the following statement:

"I have not heard a word concerning the possibility of my removal. I'm not afraid of my job. My end of the state dairy and food department has not mixed up in politics. I instructed the employees to keep out entirely and they have."

Loomis Chosen Secretary.

At a meeting of the state tax commission Arthur P. Loomis, formerly private secretary of ex-Governor Warner, was chosen secretary of the commission.

The "Major," as he is known in Lansing, was elected on the first ballot. He will assume the duties of the office on Wednesday. The position pays \$2,000 a year.

No Change in Militia Yet.

After a half dozen conferences relative to changes in the military board, Governor Osborn decided to do nothing with the present board but to wait until the legislature has an opportunity to pass the bill reorganizing the state militia. This bill, which has been prepared by Representative Stewart of Grand Rapids and has the sanction of the administration, will be one of the first introduced in the house.

Warner Reviews Administration.

Ex-Governor Warner read his inaugural message before the joint session of the legislature. In it he reviews the legislation which was enacted during his six years' administration, and makes many recommendations to the new legislature. Some of them are in line with the message of Governor Osborn, while others are diametrically opposed to the new governor's ideas.

Michigan can point with considerable pride to what has been accomplished during the last few years in the line of legislation for the better regulation and control of railroad companies, including the regulation of freight rates and the fixing of lower rates of transportation of passengers; the establishment at the Michigan state prison of an industry that not only supplies binder twine to Michigan farmers at a less cost than they were previously paying, but also furnishes remunerative labor to convicts and makes a handsome profit for the state; the placing of the properties of railroads, telegraph and telephone companies on a just basis for taxation resulting in an increase of several million dollars in the revenues of the state, thus increasing by this amount the fund used for the support and maintenance of our common schools; statewide primary election laws.

Advanced in the Practice of Medicine.

In his report to Governor Osborn Dr. Harrison of Detroit, secretary of the state board of registration in medicine, has the following to say, in part: "Ten years ago, upon the establishment of the board, there were seven medical colleges in this state, today there are three, and these colleges are universally recognized throughout the United States as complying with the requirements of such states."

"Their standard and administration undoubtedly show the influence of state supervision, and a reference to the list of failures in examinations contained in this report demonstrates the high class of work which is being done by such colleges. The results of examination in other states in which graduates of these colleges appeared also coincide with the results obtained in Michigan. It is, therefore, a matter of congratulation to the state that its medical colleges are among the best in the country, and are recognized in every state in the Union."

"The total number of practicing physicians in the state is approximately 4,500, or about one to every 550 of the population. Compared with a great many of the other states this is a high percentage."

First Bill Asks Four-Year Term.

The first bill introduced in the senate is the one providing for the submission of a constitutional amendment to the people providing for the four-year term for governor. Senator Bradley is the father of the measure and this indicates more than ever that the old-timers who lined up against the new governor on the Chilson matter are now ready to get aboard with the administration.

A resolution was introduced in the senate this afternoon calling on the various departments and state institutions to have their budgets in the hands of the legislature by February 1. This was introduced at the request of Lieutenant Governor Ross, who is determined that there shall be no delay.

The resolution will also be passed by the house, which will also act favorably on the resolution passed by the senate doing away with the old junket proposition.

Lucius Hubbard is to Be Regent.

It is understood that Governor Osborn has tendered the vacancy on the board of regents of the U. of M. to Lucius Hubbard of Houghton and that it will be accepted. The official announcement will not be made until the name is sent to the senate.

Hubbard is a member of the board of control of the Michigan college of mines and his term on this board expires June 9, 1911.

John T. Owen of Benton Harbor, who was slated for warden of Jackson prison if Governor Osborn got control of the board, is going to be state oil inspector. The new governor will recommend either the abolition of the department or reducing the force to one inspector, but in the meantime there is the job to fill and Owen is to have it. This strengthens the statement that Governor Osborn will make no effort to displace Warden Simpson at Jackson.

Democrats Plan Caucus.

Democratic State Chairman Shields and Secretary Canfield are in Detroit for a caucus of the minority in both houses to arrange a program. An effort will be made to smooth things so that the Democratic legislation will be used to boost the party and the big party men are trying to whip all of the minority into line so that they will vote for John T. Winship for United States senator.

Physicians to Support of Shumway.

Dr. Frank W. Shumway, secretary of the state board of health, has about as good a showing holding his job as any of the Warner appointees. Dr. B. D. Harrison, of Detroit, has declared he is not a candidate for the place, although it had been said he was slated for the position.

From all sections of the state the physicians are supporting Doctor Shumway, and while these credentials may not count when the time for the appointment comes, there is a good chance they will.

THE LEGISLATURE DOWN TO BUSINESS

THE GOVERNOR WILL HAVE AN ADVISORY CABINET MADE UP OF STATE OFFICERS

LEGISLATIVE JUNKETS CUT OUT THAT BUSINESS MAY BE EXPEDITED.

Taxes and Woman Suffrage Will Come Up in Form of Constitutional Amendments.

(Special Correspondence.)

Lansing, Jan. 9.—One man in the new Osborn administration who has made good in a hurry is Major William R. Oates, of Laurium, military secretary to the governor. It looks like an easy job to an outsider to meet people and conduct them to the governor, but those whose business is unimportant and who would only use up time which the governor must give to the important affairs of state. Then there is the vast amount of correspondence which flows into the executive offices every day. Letters come on every conceivable subject under the sun and also on a few subjects which no one would believe it possible for people to conjure up reasons to write about. This must all be sorted out and those which the governor must see transmitted to him and the others cared for in the routine of the office. A mistake is likely to cost a friend and a rare discrimination is necessary. The first week at Lansing was an exceedingly trying one for both the governor and his new secretary but they came through with flying colors and are now settling down to an administration which promises much. Major Oates considered carefully before he accepted the position and finally took it because of a desire to be identified with the Osborn administration.

In order to do so it was necessary for him to sacrifice a valuable law practice in Laurium.

The Governor's Cabinet.

Gov. Osborn will model his administration of state affairs and the transaction of executive business along national lines. One of the first things he will do will be to form a cabinet to be composed of the elective state officers and the heads of the various state departments. Frequent meetings of this cabinet will be held so that the governor may have the advice of these men on the business of Michigan and that plans may be formulated and discussed which will bring the machinery of government to the state of efficiency. This is a distinct innovation in the administration of the executive office and the result will be watched with great interest.

Decrease of Employees.

Speaker Baker has inaugurated a regime of economy in the house. The number of house employees has been cut from 43 to 34 and the new speaker promises that it will not be increased. However, in the past, similar statements have been made but occasionally after the opening of the session resolutions have been shoved through increasing the number and before the end of the session the same old number would be reached.

Miller's Tax Amendment.

Rep. Guy A. Miller of Detroit has prepared a constitutional amendment which, while differing slightly from the tax recommendations of Gov. Osborn, is along the same line. It provides for the collection of a corporation tax which will be used to pay all state expenses, the counties paying all of their local taxes and no state tax. This does away with the present primary school fund and the measure is sure to be bitterly fought, especially by those districts which now receive more in school money than they pay in state taxes.

Woman Suffrage.

Rep. D. A. Green of Pontiac has introduced in the house a resolution providing for the submission to the people of a constitutional amendment which gives women universal suffrage. The measure has the backing of the Federated Women's Clubs of the state, the State Grange and many other organizations and is sure to be backed strongly in the legislature. The organized women of the state are planning to maintain a permanent lobby here for the purpose of urging the measure and a warm time is expected.

War Veterans.

Of the 132 members of the legislature, there are just three veterans of the Civil War. One is Judge Heckert of Paw Paw, another Rep. Rankin of Ypsilanti, and the remaining one Rep. Graves of Adrian. There are also three members who participated in the Spanish-American war. Senator James and Reps. Stewart and Ganssner.

No Junkets This Session.

There will be no more legislative junkets. Both the house and the senate have adopted resolutions doing away with the 10-day recess of other sessions when the various committees went out on a joy riding trip around to the state institutions, particularly to the upper peninsula in which trip a special train was always engaged. Under the new regime the committee will fix their time for slipping away to look over the institutions and will not interfere with the consideration of legislation by the remainder of the members.

The Democratic Members.

The Democratic party has a larger representation in the legislature than it has had since the '90's. In the house are 13 members of the minority party and in the senate three. About the only sign of activity, from a party standpoint, which the minority is showing is that it has agreed to vote for John T. Winship for United States senator when the elec-

tion takes place on Jan. 17. Of course, Charles E. Townsend will be elected by the legislature in accord with the wish of the people expressed at the primaries, but the Democrats will remain loyal to their candidate.

Want Copies of Message.

Floods of letters are pouring into the executive offices asking for copies of the inaugural message of Gov. Osborn. It has attracted the attention of the country and demands are coming from every state and from every class. Students of political economy, corporation lawyers, business men, politicians and officials of every kind are asking for it and the original edition of 2,500 copies has been ordered doubled.

To Live in Lansing.

Gov. Osborn will make his home in Lansing during the entire two years of his administration. He has leased apartments in the Downey house in which he and Mrs. Osborn are living and has also moved his private secretary and office force from the Soo so that his private business may be transacted from Lansing. The saddle horses of the governor are to be shipped at once and the new executive is preparing to take his usual exercise. He has also been making inquiries about the surrounding country in a fashion which indicates that he is planning long rambles through Ingham county.

That Pardon Board.

Since the Pardon Board came into the matter of expense and salaries of the members which shows that the work done cost the taxpayers some goodly sums. The records show that the board cost the state \$27,807.87, during the last four and one-half years. From July 1, 1910, to January 1, 1911, the cost of maintaining the board was \$3,740.21. Figuring on the past years the cost for the coming year would have reached \$7,000. The secretary put in an expense account amounting to \$126.67 for the past six months, and in addition he received a salary of \$750, his yearly stipend being \$1,500. Since he became a member of the board in 1907, E. A. Blakeslee, the one remaining member of the original pardon board, has cost the state \$9,471.57.

The law provides that the members of the pardon board shall receive \$7 per day and expenses, and there is apparently no limit to the number of days the board shall be in session. At some of the meetings held in this city the state paid the hotel bills of the members and in addition handed each of the trio \$7 per day for his services.

Some Good Advice.

In his preliminary address to the senate Lieut. Governor Ross said: "There is only one matter upon which I shall insist, and that is that we work with all the speed possible, keeping in mind the importance of the task to be performed. Much of the criticism of the legislatures of the past has come because of the length of time taken in their deliberations. Whether this criticism was just I have no means of knowing, but I do believe that the elimination of the many local questions formerly receiving attention at the hands of the legislature we can make a record for brevity, with efficiency, of which we shall all be proud."

Speaker Baker concluded his address to the House: "No longer are we chosen by the convention system of delegated authority. For the first time in the history of our state, all the members of this body were nominated and elected by direct vote of the people. Having reposed confidence and trust in us, they have a right to expect from us our best efforts for the public good."

The Liquor Committee.

There was much speculation previous to the opening of the session in regard to who would be named on the liquor committee by the lieutenant governor. This was largely due to the stories circulated in the primary campaign that Mr. Ross was the candidate of the liquor interests. He clearly proved by the makeup of the committee, that the charge was unfounded. Senator George Scott of Detroit, is chairman and the other two members are Senators Bradley, of Greenville, and Watkins, of Jackson. All three have had experience before and have all made good. The selection indicates that the lieutenant governor is going to be absolutely fair on the liquor question and the committee gives satisfaction to both the drys and wets, who recognize that the three men are both exceptionally able and honest.

Just Gossip.

Of course at this stage of the game one can gather all sorts of rumors as to the line-up in the Senate to balk the governor's efforts in most any direction and if one was to judge some of the gossip, the special feature of the Senate action will be in that direction. But will it? There are too many important things at stake for that, body to take such a course. There will be warm times, but the governor is persistent and persuasive, as well as aggressive. There may be less opposition on the part of the Senate than anticipated. There are too many hard-headed men of affairs in the upper branch to make opposition a feature of their work. The suggested changes in the military system may or may not be adopted, but a thorough discussion of the matter will be of great value. The idea of less gold and a change of methods appeals to many. The governor is a strong friend of the militia and wants to see this department strengthened and perfected. One of the first measures of importance to be introduced in the legislature will be the bill providing for a central purchasing board for state institutions and generally remodeling the board system of governing state institutions. The bill is an administrative measure, but Representative Ogg will father it in the house. It is in for hard sledding, as practically all of the board members in the state are opposing it and there will be great pulling and hauling among the members of both houses.

L. C. WARD.

U. P. ROADS WILL ACCEPT 2-1-2 RATE

BUT THEY WILL FIGHT HARD ON FARE REDUCTION TO TWO CENTS.

THAT IS THE WORD FROM CALUMET, WHERE GOV. OSBORN'S PLAN IS NOT OBJECTED TO.

The Upper Peninsula Railroads Are Well Supplied With Steel Equipment.

It is understood that the railroad companies doing business in the upper peninsula of Michigan will not oppose Gov. Osborn's plan to reduce the railroad fares north of the Straits of Mackinac from 3 cents to 2½ cents per mile, although they would bitterly fight a proposition to reduce fares to 2 cents per mile, which is advocated by a number of the new members of the legislature from that part of the state.

When the agitation for 2-cent fares was brought up before the recent primaries and following elections, it was elected locally that Mr. Osborn, if elected, would not favor such a proposition, but would advocate leaving the fares as they are or reducing them to not lower than 2½ cents per mile. He has recommended in his first message to the legislature that a 2½-cent per mile rate be established for northern Michigan roads.

Gov. Osborn has also recommended the adoption by all the railroads of Michigan of the use of all steel coaches, and the doing away of the dangerous four-wheeled cabooses. At the present time the equipment of the railroads is largely made up of old and sparsely settled district compare more than favorably with the equipment of the big roads traversing the southern portion of the state. There is more steel equipment.

In lower Michigan there is but one steel train, it is claimed, that being a train of four coaches, which is run on the Ann Arbor railroad between Toledo and Cadillac. All of the Chicago trains running into the copper country, the Chicago & Northwestern and the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul are electric lighted.

To Remove Dairy Board.

With the appointment of Gilbert M. Dame as dairy and food commissioner to succeed Colin C. Lillie will come the removal of practically every officer and expert of the department. Information secured confirms the report that never in the history of the department has it faced such a house-cleaning.

N. P. Hall will not be deputy commissioner. Floyd Robison will not be state analyst. William Robison, the analyst's brother, and several of the other assistant chemists are scheduled for removal. There is a possibility that Chief Clerk Smith, a veteran in the department, will stick. The change in department inspectors will be wholesale. Several weeks ago it was thought that Mr. Hull might stick, but the success of Representative Baker in his fight for the speakership has decided that issue.

Reclamation Project for U. P.

The importance attached to a deal whereby the Upper Peninsula Land Co. transfers 712,000 acres of land to H. H. Hamilton and associates of St. Paul is just being realized by the inhabitants of upper Michigan. The transfer means the immediate colonization of thousands of acres of land in the upper peninsula, as well as the reclamation of 25,000 acres of swamp lands in the Tappan river country by one of the most extensive drainage projects ever attempted by private capital. The survey of the district to be drained has already been made and it is planned to take off the water from this great swamp area by the most scientific methods. Natural waterways are to be widened and deepened by the company and the tract is expected to be made one of the most productive and valuable in Michigan.

Palmer's Jobs Brings \$6,000.

C. A. Palmer of Manistee landed the best plum at the disposal of the new state administration when he secured assurance of his appointment as insurance commissioner. The salary of \$2,000 and fees make it worth about \$6,000 annually, which will be news to most politicians and other citizens as well. Gov. Osborn said that he had no idea there were fees collected for the benefit of the commissioner, nor, as a matter of fact, did he know what the salary of the office is. Legislators are astonished, declaring they never had an intimation before of the plethora of fees in that job.

The annual report of the Aero Club of America shows that this country has 26 licensed aviators, of whom 21 were licensed last year. There are 27 licensed pilots of spherical balloons and two of dirigibles.

The A. F. Anderson planing mill in South Boardman burned to the ground, causing a loss of \$40,000. The fire is supposed to have started from waste which fell behind the boilers.

The University hospital at Ann Arbor is under quarantine because of the presence in it of a number of scarlet fever cases. A nurse, Miss Irene Harris, is the latest victim. The cases are being cared for in the detention branch of the hospital.

The appointment of Clifford McKibbin of Lansing as colonel of the cadet regiment is the highest military honor ever conferred upon a student attending the Michigan Agricultural college. Another company to be known as M. A. C. regiment for the first time in its history of regulation size.

L. C. WARD.

DUE TO FREIGHT RATES.

It is Responsible for the High Cost of Living.

Declaring that excessive freight rates are responsible for the high cost of living, Ohio C. Barber, the millionaire match magnate of Akron, O., has sent a letter to every member of congress demanding reforms.

In addition to the regulation of freight rates, he demands that laws be passed that will effectively limit railroad and industrial capitalization.

He declares the freight business of the railroads costs each family \$87 a year. This latter, coupled with the other earnings of the railroads, he asserts, has boosted the average railroad cost per family to \$127 annually. Barber starts his letter to the congressmen with these three demands: "What is the matter with America? What is the matter with congress? Why has the seat of government been transferred to Wall street?"

Continuing, he says: "Personally, I appreciate fully the importance of stability of vested rights in property, corporate or personal."

"But I vigorously contend that the commission of excesses in the capitalization of corporate companies forfeits instantly the right to claim face value for such capitalization in the levying of a tax upon the American public for the payment of dividends upon this watered stock. And in this offense the railroads always have set the pace."

"Conceived in the master minds of Huntington, Morgan, Hill and Harriman, this policy has been worked out to a nicety. These clothed the scheme in the pretty catch phrase of a 'community of interests' and cleverly set about to grab all the through trunk lines of railroad from coast to coast."

"They argued plausibly, and with truth, that these trunk lines were the great arteries which maintained the life of commerce, that they were a necessity for quick transportation. 'Approximately nine billions of this 13 billions of railroad capitalization is fictitious; purely and simply watered stock, upon which the people of the United States are taxed in railroad rates to maintain the annual dividends.'

"Despite this tremendous stock watering, the railway net earnings have advanced steadily and the average dividend rate has more than doubled in the last 15 years."

"In 1894 the dividend rate was 1.66 per cent. Last year it averaged 3.63 per cent, and the railroads earned a net income of \$852,553,280."

"And the people paid the freight! Railroad presidents indignantly deny that freight rates affect the cost of existence. James J. Hill and W. C. Brown declare low acreage production by the farmer is responsible for high prices."

"Trust magnates disagree. All seek to shift the responsibility. S. R. Guggenheim says it is extravagance on the part of the laborer. Ogden Armour says it is the law of nature."

"This one problem of railroad freight rates is the great economic question of the age. Were it fairly solved all other lines of commerce and trade would soon adjust themselves and a more equitable distribution of the products of business would result."

"What are you going to do about it?"

"Yours in militant sincerity."

(Signed) "O. C. BARBER."

NEWS IN BRIEF.

Reports from Fudzliadian, Russia, are that there are 80 deaths daily from the bubonic plague.

In his message to the Colorado legislature Gov. John F. Shafroth recommended the disfranchisement of illiterates to prevent election frauds.

Howes Brothers Co., of Boston, the second largest sole leather tanning company in the United States, has closed 14 tanneries for an indefinite time.

Trespassing on the Pennsylvania railroad system's property has caused the death of 7,996 persons, approximately two a day since Jan. 1, 1910. In the same time 7,838 persons have been injured.

Rev. Samuel E. Howard, who the state charges has been married five times, three of the marriages having been contracted since last October, was arrested in Shelby, Mo., on a charge of bigamy.

Seventy-three of the rebels who figured in the taking of Batoplas have surrendered to the Mexican officers and made public declaration of their desire to return to their former peaceful occupations.

Fire caused by an overheated furnace caused a \$20,000 loss to the Toledo university Sunday night. The building, which was gutted, was occupied by the medical, pharmaceutical and arts and science departments.

David Elkins, eldest son of United States Senator Stephen B. Elkins, will fill the vacancy caused by the death of his father for the few days that will elapse pending the election of a senator by the Democratic legislature.

The supply depots of the army will be redistributed over the country and placed in centrally located spots of the various military departments. It was decided to locate the depots in all cases possible near the camps set apart by the states for the rendezvous of troops.

Columbus university has conferred an honorary LL. D. on Ernest Daenell, professor of modern history in the University of Kiel. Prof. Daenell is now in the United States as the Kaiser Wilhelm exchange professor at Columbus.

Forest lands aggregating 563,331 acres have been eliminated from the Ozark national forest in Arkansas by proclamation of the president. Van Buren, Johnson and Stone counties suffered the most as

THE EXAGGERATED COMMENTS MADE

IN A VERY LENGTHY PAPER HE TELLS WHAT WAS DONE DURING TERM.

THINKS PRIMARY LAW NEEDS SOME TINKERING TO MAKE IT BETTER.

Differs With Governor Osborn on the Matter of a Central Prison Board.

Ex-Gov. Fred M. Warner read his exaugural message to the joint session of the state senate and house of representatives Thursday. The message was lengthy and full of tables, statistics and figures representing the work accomplished by the Warner administration. The document opened as follows:

"In presenting this, my retiring message, it is a source of great satisfaction to reflect that much of the legislation suggested and advocated in executive messages during the past six years met with the approval of succeeding legislatures and when put into practice has materially benefited the people of the state and accomplished the beneficial results hoped for by its supporters. It may not be amiss to direct attention to the fact that with respect to some at least of this progressive legislation Michigan is a pioneer. Many of the progressive measures and reforms which are now being demanded and asked for in other states are accomplished results in Michigan, and the state's history shows no period of its existence in which greater progress has been made in the enactment of legislation designed to supply the needs and safeguard the interests of the people.

While much of value to the people has been accomplished, there yet remains much of equal value to be done, and I have no doubt that this legislature will carry forward the work so auspiciously begun."

The Primary Law.

"I earnestly commend to your consideration the necessity of amending the primary law in such a way that provision can be made for the direct nomination of candidates to fill vacancies at special elections. In many instances the choice of the voters could be ascertained at a primary or general election already provided for by the statutes. An instance can be cited at the present time. The vacancy created in the Twenty-first senatorial district by the death of Senator Fox can be filled at the general election held on the first Monday in April.

The Prison Board.

Warner takes issue with Gov. Osborn on the latter's plan for substituting a central board of control for the separate boards now conducting the state's penal institutions. Says Warner: "Should a central board of control be substituted the time required for the proper performance of duties would be rendered impossible to secure the gratuitous services of the class of men who now manage our institutions. Other states find it necessary to pay large salaries to members of central boards of control. This system would necessarily carry with it compensation for services. This would mean that the positions would be sought because of the salaries paid, resulting in my judgment in throwing the whole matter into politics and precipitating strife among that class of our citizens who would be attracted mainly by the compensation attached to the position.

Civil Service.

"It is a source of great satisfaction to note that notwithstanding the absence of any law on the subject practical civil service has prevailed in the various institutions of the state for many years. Several instances of men who entered the service of the state institutions as subordinate employees have been through sheer merit advanced through the various grades until they now occupy the position of superintendents. Many of the heads of our state institutions have held their positions 10, 20 and in one instance 32 years, and no state administration has attempted or even considered a change.

Prison Farms.

"It is my firm belief that there should be connected with each of our prisons a farm of at least 500 acres. These farms could be worked by 'trustees' so-called, who could be returned to the respective prisons for the night. In addition to this, my investigation in other states convinced me that great good could be done to a large percentage of the inmates of our penal institutions by the establishment in the state of one or two extensive farms of 5,000 acres or more, to be conducted on the 'honor' system. These 'honor' farms could be located in those sections of the state remote from the prisons if necessary, where the best returns could be obtained. For this purpose the state should purchase extensive tracts of so-called wild land which could be transformed into agricultural lands of great value."

Commends Things.

Warner stands with Osborn on the workingmen's compensation law. He argues against the abolition of the Jackson prison binder twine plant. He praises the National Guard and recommends that the expense incurred in calling the guard to duty at the state instead of the locality in which the institution is located, and this should be made to apply to the present situation. He closes his message by commending the heads of the administrative state departments for their services.

NEWS OF MICHIGAN.

There are a few cases of smallpox in Battle Creek, and all school children have been ordered vaccinated.

The Allerton Pattern works in St. Joseph were totally destroyed by fire. The loss is \$12,500 and covered by insurance.

The Bay City Poultry association will hold a poultry show in Bay City for one week, commencing Jan. 29. An exhibition of pigeons will also be given.

It is stated that several cities in the state favoring the commission form of government will take steps to have the home rule act amended in several particulars.

C. D. Ellis, a Blissfield sugar worker, gave a friend a drink of whiskey on Christmas, and was sentenced to serve 90 days in jail for violating the local option law.

Archie Neubig, 50, a wealthy retired miner of Calumet, cut his throat with a pocket knife and his head fell forward, closing the wound in his windpipe, which saved his life.

The Ann Arbor Varsity Glee club has returned from a holiday tour which was a financial failure. The club made five stands, and did not make expenses in three of them.

Several hundred dollars' worth of stamps taken from the Leslie post office recently were found by a woman on a farm near Leslie. Two men are being held for the robbery.

The funeral of Samuel J. Tomlinson, veteran publisher and capitalist, who died at Orion, was held from Presbyterian church at Lapeer. Newspaper men and printers met the body at the depot.

On Jan. 1 the Union Telephone Co. raised rates on farm lines from \$12 to \$15 yearly and farmers will hold a meeting in Corunna on Jan. 11 to discuss the matter and probably make a united protest.

With bowling alleys, pool tables, smoking room, dance hall, stage, gymnasium fully equipped, the parish house of Grace Episcopal church in Grand Rapids was opened to the young people of the parish.

Dressed in their night clothing, Mr. and Mrs. James Arnold, of Kalamazoo, and their children escaped from being burned to death by sliding down a rope made of bed clothing from the second story of their home to the ground.

Members of the Grand Rapids Ministerial association have declared an intention to fight dancing in the public schools and will appear before the board of education and ask that body to not permit dancing in the school buildings.

The Commonwealth Power Co., of Jackson, which recently purchased the Owosso & Corunna electric line, has announced that it will soon transfer the railroad to the Lansing & Northern railway, which is building a line from Lansing to Owosso.

Crossing the G. R. & I. tracks near the Union depot in Muskegon in a blizzard, Ray Dolls, a section hand employed by the P. M. railroad, was run down and seriously injured by a switch engine. Dolls was dragged 20 feet by the engine.

Kalamazoo has started suit against the Standard Paper Co., claiming that the company has taken water from the city mains illegally. Two officials of the company were recently arrested on charges of grand larceny in connection with the alleged theft.

The prohibitionists of Ionia county are already active in putting the spring campaign under way. At a meeting in Ionia plans were discussed and the following officers elected: A. M. Welch, president; H. E. Powell, vice-president; E. E. Branch, secretary; A. R. Spaulding, treasurer of campaign committee.

In a pitched battle at Cadillac between two Hungarians, armed with shovels and iron bars, one was so injured that he lies in a hospital, where it is believed he will die. Peter Valsobling, aged 45, an ironworker, accused Matthias Lucotash, aged 35, also an ironworker, of stealing his wrench. The fight ensued.

Slightness, and suffering from a badly fractured skull, John Campbell, a laborer, is in a Sault Ste. Marie hospital. While loosening rock at the Keweenaw quarry, near Rexton, his pick touched the end of a charge of dynamite. In the explosion that followed the sight of both eyes was totally destroyed and a great hole was torn in his scalp. It is not thought he will live.

The circuit court at Flint has ordered Bay county to return to Finn & Ducharme, a Detroit bonding firm, a certified check of \$2,500 which was sent to the county to insure it that the Detroiters would take up a bond issue of \$125,000. After taking up a part of the issue, the firm declined to take the rest because the legislature passed a law shifting one township into another county.

Port Huron's new commission, which will be in charge of the city government during the coming two years, was installed in office Monday. Commissioner Fred J. Dixon will have charge of the finances and accounts; Charles E. Mudgett is in control of the department of public safety, and Andrew J. Smith is superintendent of streets and public improvements. The officers of city controller, attorney, secretary of the water board and aldermen were declared vacant and abolished. Eleven city supervisors were appointed to work with the commissioners.

The supervisors of Oakland county voted against a rock pile for tramps. Despite the assertion of E. J. Cook, president of the Shawassaw Mutual Fire Insurance Co., that the organization was losing its most desirable risks, the company refused, at its annual meeting, to place patrons who have lightning rods on their property in a preferred class. Reports show during the last year amount at risk shrank \$750,000. Most other farmers companies make lightning rod risk preferred and paid \$13 in four years or less. The Shawassaw society, however, has paid \$13 in four years or less. The Shawassaw society, however, has paid \$13 in four years or less. The Shawassaw society, however, has paid \$13 in four years or less.

PLOT TO BLOW UP JACKSON PRISON

FUSES, CAPS, DRILLS AND CART RIDGES UNEARTHED SHOW PLAN TO LIBERATE ALL.

FRUSTRATED PLOT IF CARRIED OUT WOULD HAVE BEEN A HORROR.

"Free" Labor is Believed to Have Smuggled in Explosives; Visitors Barred From Shops.

A plot to blow up Jackson prison and make a general prison delivery was probably frustrated by the timely discovery of 18 ounces of nitroglycerin and the subsequent discovery of five sticks of dynamite inside the prison walls.

Just how the explosives got there is not known, but an investigation which has been secretly carried on may solve the mystery. That it was smuggled in by free men is without question, but the identity of that person or persons is unknown, or at least has not been given out.

Had the plot been carried out and the explosives at hand used, it would have blown the whole institution into fragments and resulted, doubtless, in the loss of many lives, while hundreds might have lived or escaped. It is said that a quarter of an ounce of nitroglycerin is powerful enough to blow up the biggest iron safe in Michigan, and with 18 ounces and five sticks of dynamite exploded, it is startling to imagine what the result might have been.

The discovery of the plot will make it mighty uneasy for the 700 odd inmates of the institution locked in cells every night, as it is not known whether more explosives are secreted within the walls or not.

Warden Simpson issued an order forbidding admission of visitors to the shops or yards of Jackson prison, pending completion of the search for explosives, and the unearthing of the plot to blow up the prison.

Under the warden's order visitors will only be permitted in the guardrooms and at chapel services. "Free" men will be excluded from mingling with convicts and all traffic in contraband, of whatever nature, will necessarily be abruptly ended.

The following articles were dug up in the prison yard:

Two big drills.
Two big boxes of 38-caliber cartridges.
One 16-ounce bottle of nitroglycerin.
One 2-ounce bottle of nitroglycerin.
A number of dynamite caps.
No revolvers or other weapons were found at this time.

One bottle containing fuse.
Later the diligent searchers found five sticks of dynamite of 50 per cent nitroglycerin. This is enough, alone, to blow the whole prison to fragments.

Warden Simpson and the investigators are naming no names, but they are convinced that the explosives were brought where they were found as part of a wholesale jail delivery plot, which contemplated the assassination of guards and the destruction of the prison; that the plotters were "free" men in the prison shops and convicts; that continued investigation will result in the capture of all the paraphernalia and the plotters themselves and the extinction of smuggling in Jackson prison, at least for a long time to come.

It is believed in Jackson that James Burke, one of the five convicts transferred from Jackson prison to Marquette recently, was the man who "tipped off" to Warden Russell of the latter institution the plot of the convicts to blow up Jackson prison with nitroglycerin and escape, which was frustrated Saturday by the discovery of the explosive in the yards.

Burke, who is now in Lansing seeking to secure Gov. Osborn's promise of a pardon, tried to win the same turn for his information about the dynamite plot, it is said. Russell made no promises, but by adroitly questioning him and agreeing to do what he could to secure the man's freedom, learned enough to cause him immediately to put the Jackson authorities on their guard.

Indictments in Times Explosion.

The grand jury in the Los Angeles Times explosion case returned 22 indictments for homicide, and it is believed many of them are against San Franciscans.

Twenty-two lives were lost in the explosion at the Times plant, which was an "open" shop, and union labor figured largely in the grand jury investigation. Two theories were propounded. One of them, supported by the findings of an investigating committee appointed by Mayor Alexander, was that the plant had been blown up by dynamite, through a conspiracy. The other, presented by a committee named by the state building trades convention, then in session, was that a gas explosion had caused the wreck.

Cleveland's new \$3,000,000 post office has been opened to the public. Construction was started nine years ago.

Railroads running west of Chicago at the meeting of the Western Passenger association declined to accept a proposition submitted by the United States government regarding charges for the transportation of government troops, employees and freight. Instead they will attempt to arrange for a substitute proposition to be submitted to the government.

Arms interlaced and facing a mirror to watch their dying expressions, Mabel and Isabella Bolsbeau, sisters and members of a prominent family, drank poison in a confectionery store in St. Louis, Mo. Mabel died and Isabella is not expected to live.

PARDON BOARD SHAKEUP.

Gov. Osborn Demands Resignation of Men Who Released Ascher.

Governor Osborn threw his first big thunderbolt when he formally demanded the resignations of Attorney Rowland Connor, of Saginaw, and Dr. James F. Rumer, of Davison, as members of the state pardon board, for their action in combining with ex-Gov. Warner to bring about the release of Edward Ascher and Frank Hayes, who were life prisoners in Jackson for murder. Both officials were given 48 hours in which to tender their resignations, and unless they comply, charges will be made against them.

Former State Senator Blakeslee, of Galesburg, who is the third member of the board, was not included in the executive demand, for the reason that the record of the pardon board shows that he voted against granting clemency to the men who were freed.

December Wheat Has Not Suffered.

In answer to the question, "Has wheat during December suffered injury from any cause?" seven correspondents in the state answer "yes" and 558 "no," and in answer to the question, "Has the ground been well covered with snow during December?" 570 correspondents answered "yes" and nine "no."

The total number of bushels of wheat marketed by farmers in December at 106 flouring mills was 266,303, and at 114 elevators and grain dealers 253,935, for a total of 520,238 bushels. Of this amount 348,766 bushels were marketed in the southern four tiers of counties, 129,575 in the central counties and 41,893 in the northern counties and the upper peninsula.

The estimated total number of bushels of wheat marketed in the five months, August-December, was 5,700,000.

Fifty-four mills, elevators and grain dealers report no wheat marketed in December.

The average condition of livestock in the state is reported as follows, comparison being with stock in good, healthy and thrifty condition: Horses, sheep and swine 97, cattle 96.

The average price of wheat per bushel is 89 cents; rye, 72 cents; shelled corn, 54 cents, and oats, 34 cents. The average price of hay per ton, \$13.54. The average price of fat cattle is \$4.54 per cwt.; of fat hogs, \$3.39 per cwt.; and of dressed pork, \$9.29 per cwt.

Road Board Men Protest Changes.

Commissioner Ely and Deputy Highway Commissioner Rogers both strenuously take issue with the good roads recommendation made by Gov. Osborn in his message, at the same time favoring his recommendation for the use of state convicts in constructing roads.

The points at issue are the governor's favoring state supervision of roads and the construction of trunk lines touching each of the county seats. Both of the highway officials declare that the county road system should continue, and also that it is far better to construct roads leading to the important market places than it is to have them lead to the county seats.

Fire originating from spontaneous combustion among rags in East Northfield, Mass., destroyed Crossley hall, one of the oldest dormitories of the Mount Hermon School for Boys. The total loss is estimated at \$100,000.

Three bags of registered Christmas mail with contents valued at \$50,000 have been stolen during the last few days in San Francisco on the journey across the harbor to Oakland, according to the Call.

THE MARKETS.

Detroit—Cattle: Best steers and heifers, 10.00 to 12.00; light to heavy, 8.00 to 10.00; mixed butchers, 7.00 to 9.00; light to heavy, 6.00 to 8.00; mixed butchers, 5.00 to 7.00; common butchers, 4.00 to 6.00; common feeders, 3.00 to 5.00; stockers, 2.00 to 4.00.

East Buffalo, N. Y.—Cattle—Three cars; slow, heavy—50 cars; steady; heavy, 10.00 to 12.00; light, 8.00 to 10.00; mixed, 7.00 to 9.00; common, 6.00 to 8.00; mixed butchers, 5.00 to 7.00; common butchers, 4.00 to 6.00; common feeders, 3.00 to 5.00; stockers, 2.00 to 4.00.

Grain, Etc.
WHEAT—Cash No. 2 red, 97 1/2 to 98 1/2; No. 3 red, 96 1/2 to 97 1/2; No. 4 red, 95 1/2 to 96 1/2; No. 5 red, 94 1/2 to 95 1/2; No. 6 red, 93 1/2 to 94 1/2; No. 7 red, 92 1/2 to 93 1/2; No. 8 red, 91 1/2 to 92 1/2; No. 9 red, 90 1/2 to 91 1/2; No. 10 red, 89 1/2 to 90 1/2; No. 11 red, 88 1/2 to 89 1/2; No. 12 red, 87 1/2 to 88 1/2; No. 13 red, 86 1/2 to 87 1/2; No. 14 red, 85 1/2 to 86 1/2; No. 15 red, 84 1/2 to 85 1/2; No. 16 red, 83 1/2 to 84 1/2; No. 17 red, 82 1/2 to 83 1/2; No. 18 red, 81 1/2 to 82 1/2; No. 19 red, 80 1/2 to 81 1/2; No. 20 red, 79 1/2 to 80 1/2; No. 21 red, 78 1/2 to 79 1/2; No. 22 red, 77 1/2 to 78 1/2; No. 23 red, 76 1/2 to 77 1/2; No. 24 red, 75 1/2 to 76 1/2; No. 25 red, 74 1/2 to 75 1/2; No. 26 red, 73 1/2 to 74 1/2; No. 27 red, 72 1/2 to 73 1/2; No. 28 red, 71 1/2 to 72 1/2; No. 29 red, 70 1/2 to 71 1/2; No. 30 red, 69 1/2 to 70 1/2; No. 31 red, 68 1/2 to 69 1/2; No. 32 red, 67 1/2 to 68 1/2; No. 33 red, 66 1/2 to 67 1/2; No. 34 red, 65 1/2 to 66 1/2; No. 35 red, 64 1/2 to 65 1/2; No. 36 red, 63 1/2 to 64 1/2; No. 37 red, 62 1/2 to 63 1/2; No. 38 red, 61 1/2 to 62 1/2; No. 39 red, 60 1/2 to 61 1/2; No. 40 red, 59 1/2 to 60 1/2; No. 41 red, 58 1/2 to 59 1/2; No. 42 red, 57 1/2 to 58 1/2; No. 43 red, 56 1/2 to 57 1/2; No. 44 red, 55 1/2 to 56 1/2; No. 45 red, 54 1/2 to 55 1/2; No. 46 red, 53 1/2 to 54 1/2; No. 47 red, 52 1/2 to 53 1/2; No. 48 red, 51 1/2 to 52 1/2; No. 49 red, 50 1/2 to 51 1/2; No. 50 red, 49 1/2 to 50 1/2; No. 51 red, 48 1/2 to 49 1/2; No. 52 red, 47 1/2 to 48 1/2; No. 53 red, 46 1/2 to 47 1/2; No. 54 red, 45 1/2 to 46 1/2; No. 55 red, 44 1/2 to 45 1/2; No. 56 red, 43 1/2 to 44 1/2; No. 57 red, 42 1/2 to 43 1/2; No. 58 red, 41 1/2 to 42 1/2; No. 59 red, 40 1/2 to 41 1/2; No. 60 red, 39 1/2 to 40 1/2; No. 61 red, 38 1/2 to 39 1/2; No. 62 red, 37 1/2 to 38 1/2; No. 63 red, 36 1/2 to 37 1/2; No. 64 red, 35 1/2 to 36 1/2; No. 65 red, 34 1/2 to 35 1/2; No. 66 red, 33 1/2 to 34 1/2; No. 67 red, 32 1/2 to 33 1/2; No. 68 red, 31 1/2 to 32 1/2; No. 69 red, 30 1/2 to 31 1/2; No. 70 red, 29 1/2 to 30 1/2; No. 71 red, 28 1/2 to 29 1/2; No. 72 red, 27 1/2 to 28 1/2; No. 73 red, 26 1/2 to 27 1/2; No. 74 red, 25 1/2 to 26 1/2; No. 75 red, 24 1/2 to 25 1/2; No. 76 red, 23 1/2 to 24 1/2; No. 77 red, 22 1/2 to 23 1/2; No. 78 red, 21 1/2 to 22 1/2; No. 79 red, 20 1/2 to 21 1/2; No. 80 red, 19 1/2 to 20 1/2; No. 81 red, 18 1/2 to 19 1/2; No. 82 red, 17 1/2 to 18 1/2; No. 83 red, 16 1/2 to 17 1/2; No. 84 red, 15 1/2 to 16 1/2; No. 85 red, 14 1/2 to 15 1/2; No. 86 red, 13 1/2 to 14 1/2; No. 87 red, 12 1/2 to 13 1/2; No. 88 red, 11 1/2 to 12 1/2; No. 89 red, 10 1/2 to 11 1/2; No. 90 red, 9 1/2 to 10 1/2; No. 91 red, 8 1/2 to 9 1/2; No. 92 red, 7 1/2 to 8 1/2; No. 93 red, 6 1/2 to 7 1/2; No. 94 red, 5 1/2 to 6 1/2; No. 95 red, 4 1/2 to 5 1/2; No. 96 red, 3 1/2 to 4 1/2; No. 97 red, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; No. 98 red, 1 1/2 to 2 1/2; No. 99 red, 1/2 to 1 1/2; No. 100 red, 0 1/2 to 1 1/2.

Subscriptions amounting to \$5,250 were pledged by the team workers themselves as a start for the first day of the ten-day race for \$50,000 to be raised among the negroes for the new Y. M. C. A. building on the south side of Chicago. Two hundred representative negroes are doing team work in interviewing 11,000 employed men of their own race for subscriptions during the next ten days.

David C. McArthur has been appointed by Governor Taft as principal chief of the Choctaw Nation in Oklahoma. The new appointee was sent to the nation, who died recently.

Longworth's Name on Lenroot Bill.
The administration's tariff commission bill finally has been put into shape so that it is hoped by Mr. Taft it will appeal to Republicans.

NORTH CAROLINA ENDORSES TAFT

Southern State First to Get in Line for His Renomination Next Year.

SOME SIGNIFICANCE IN FACT

Fortification of the Panama Canal is to Be Strongly Opposed—Lenroot Tariff Commission Bill Bears Longworth's Name.

By GEORGE CLINTON.

Washington.—Since President Taft allowed it to be known some little time ago that he would be a receptive candidate for renomination by his party, the Republican state executive committee of North Carolina has appeared first in the field as an endorser of Mr. Taft's position. It is a curious fact that in almost every instance, as the political records of the last 20 years show, it has been a southern state which has given first endorsement to the known willingness of a Republican president to succeed himself.

Ordinarily it can be said that the endorsement of a southern state for a Republican president has no significance except so far as the national convention is concerned, for though the states "below the line" are represented by delegates who have convention votes, there is little chance that the states themselves will give a majority vote for the man who is nominated.

In the case of North Carolina, however, the friends of Mr. Taft say there is some real political significance outside of that which attaches to the national convention. Two years ago North Carolina elected three Republican members of congress, and while there was a reversal of form at the last election, there still seems to be some hope in the Republican breast that one day the Old North State will be found in the Republican column at national election time. Admittedly there seems to be little basis for this Republican hope.

Fight on Canal Fortifications.

It is virtually certain that there will be a hard fight in congress before the administration secures legislation which will permit the fortification of the Panama canal. Army and navy officials declare that the canal must be fortified in order to make its protection certain, and they laugh at the plea of some of the members of congress that the waterway can be neutralized by international agreement, and that another nation, if it should be at war with the United States, would respect the neutrality of the canal and would make no attempt at its destruction.

The president takes the army and navy point of view, although of course he would not intimate that he thought any other nation would break a convention of neutralization, for the expression of such a thought would be undiplomatic and would give offense. It is probable, however, that Mr. Taft thinks a paper compact of peace would be of little avail to keep away the warships of a hostile power if the destruction of the Panama canal was deemed to be of service to its cause.

It is probable that more criticism has come to Mr. Taft from the insurgent members of his party certainly, for his speech at Winston a year and a half ago when he endorsed Representative Tawney, than has come because of any other speech which he has made since he was president. Mr. Taft gave Mr. Tawney warm words of commendation and now it is a little curious to find that the strongest opponent of the president's Panama fortification plan is the same Mr. Tawney for whom Mr. Taft expressed such favor.

Of course the difference of opinion on fortification does not mean any breach of friendship, for it is simply a difference of opinion, but the forces of the administration and the forces of Mr. Tawney are now arrayed against each other, and even though it may be called a battle of the Friends it is nevertheless a battle.

Pan-American Commercial Congress.

Next month there will be held in Washington under the auspices of the Pan-American union a great all-American commercial conference. The Pan-American union was formerly known as the Bureau of American Republics, and it now has official Washington headquarters in a beautiful building which in large part was the gift of Andrew Carnegie.

The intention of the conference is to quicken the efforts to bring about more cordial and complete commercial relations between the 20 Latin-American nations which have representatives at the seat of the United States government. Diplomatic and consular officers of the Central and South American countries will make addresses, and trade experts of all the countries will talk on subjects in which manufacturers, exporters and importers are interested.

Word has come from the Pan-American union that the conference will be unique in that no platform or resolutions of a controversial nature will be considered. "It will be absolutely non-partisan and non-political," and be devoted solely to educating and informing those present about the conditions and opportunities of Pan-American commerce.

Longworth's Name on Lenroot Bill.
The administration's tariff commission bill finally has been put into shape so that it is hoped by Mr. Taft it will appeal to Republicans.

of both factions and be of such a nature that the Democrats will find it hard to take exception to the provisions. In congress, even when the weather apparently is calm, bills are likely to have rough sailing before they reach the harbor of passage, and such may be the voyage of the tariff commission measure.

It was said not long ago that the bill for the tariff commission would follow the lines of one offered by Representative Lenroot of Wisconsin, but that the chances were the measure would not carry Mr. Lenroot's name. The Wisconsin man is an insurgent, so strongly determined in insurgency that it was feared many organizations would not look kindly on the bill which carried his name.

The measure upon which action will be sought will bear the name of Representative Longworth of Ohio, but it will contain most of the features of the Lenroot measure and so, while "a regular," will attach his name to the measure, an insurgent will get a good deal of the credit for its preparation. In this way the Republican party hopes to get harmony, but whether it is to come or not the succeeding weeks alone can show.

Former Senator Joseph B. Foraker of Ohio came to Washington for the purpose of filing in the supreme court a brief attacking the corporation tax law. It happened that congress was taking a recess when the Ohio senator was in the capital and therefore the curiosity of certain speculative ones who wanted to know whether the Ohioan would revisit the senate scene of his former legislative activities was not gratified.

There are former senators of the United States who frequently appear on the floor of the senate, a privilege which is given to them because of their one-time membership. There are other former senators, however, who, no matter how many times they visit the capitol, never by any chance pass through the swinging doors of the senate chamber.

There are reasons which appear to be conclusive to some former senators for their determination not to go onto the floor of the senate. A good many of the one-time members of the upper house have gone back into private life to practice law, and some of them are connected in a legal way with corporations which at times are interested in legislation which happens to be before congress. Some men who have served in the senate and who have legal corporation connections, fear that if they go on the floor their presence there will be construed as being for the purpose of lobbying, and so they refuse to go within sight of their old seats.

Former Affairs is Interesting.

No matter what legislation the Republican majority may try to put through the senate this winter, it seems to be certain that the case of Senator Lorimer, which must be passed upon, will excite more heat and interest than anything else which the lawmakers of the upper house are to have brought before them.

The Chelsea Standard

An independent local newspaper published every Thursday afternoon from its office in the Standard building, East Middle street, Chelsea, Michigan.

O. T. HOOVER.

Terms: \$1.00 per year; six months, fifty cents; three months, twenty-five cents. To foreign countries \$1.50 per year. Advertising rates reasonable and made known on application.

Entered as second-class matter, March 5, 1906, at the postoffice at Chelsea, Michigan, under the Act of Congress of March 3, 1879.

An Appeal For More Prayer.

Many Christians in this town at this time I hope are, looking forward for a sweeping revival; and when I speak of a revival, I do not mean something that is simply originated and carried on by man but of God. "O Lord, revive Thy work in the midst of the years." And surely there is no one who will oppose God reviving the Christians and bringing a dying world unto Himself. This is what I mean when I write of the coming revival.

But how is this to be brought about? I might speak of several things that are essential but there is one thing that is especially important just now and at all times and that is prayer. But have you not felt for some time that while the Christian people have not been weary in other things they have been weary in prayer? And yet if there is one thing needful above anything else for the vital spiritual life and Christian success it is prayer. We find every great movement in the life of Jesus was preceded by prayer. In fact His whole life was so lost in prayer that not only did the disciples ask Jesus to teach them to pray but just as soon as He ascended on high the first thing they did, as a natural outcome, was to take themselves to the Lord in prayer. We find the early church was lost in prayer, and Paul, naturally great, requested the people to pray for him and also for the Word, that it might have free course among the people. But, still more, Paul realized the value of it so much, that he told the people to pray without ceasing and all of their prayers were followed by marvelous spiritual results. We find the bible is full of such passages as: "I have set watchmen upon the walls, O Jerusalem, which shall never hold their peace day nor night. Ye that are the Lord's remembrances, keep not silence and give Him no rest till He make Jerusalem a praise in the earth."

"When thou prayest enter into thy closet, and when thou hast shut thy door, pray to thy Father which is in secret; and thy Father which seeth in secret shall reward thee openly."

"Not forsaking the assembling of ourselves together," Samuel said restraining prayer is sin. "God forbid that I should sin against the Lord in ceasing to pray for you."

But prayer meetings in many places are more like spare meetings, and why is it? Is it because Christians of today, as a rule, consider themselves not so much in need of prayer as the people of former times? Or may it not be we are something like as Paul wrote to the Galatians, "Having begun in the Spirit, are ye now made perfect by the flesh?" Have we wandered away from spiritual things?

Let us come back not simply to the house of God but to God Himself. Take up the "Quiet Hour," the "Family Altar," and forsake not the assembling of ourselves together at the prayer meetings, they should be vital meetings of the church. Humble ourselves before God, confess our sins, ask earnestly for a spiritual revival in our own hearts, and the salvation of a lost world.

"If ye love me ye will keep my commandments."

REV. F. I. BLANCHARD.

Cardinal Gibbons To Assist.

Carnal Gibbons will be the consecrator when Rt. Rev. Edward D. Kelly of Ann Arbor, pastor of St. Thomas Catholic church and auxiliary bishop-elect of this diocese, is consecrated in his own church on January 26.

At the morning service Sunday Rev. Fr. Kelly announced a few of the other officials but the remainder will not be known for several days. Archbishop Ireland will preach the sermon and Bishop Richter of Grand Rapids and Bishop Maes of Covington, Ky., will be the assistant consecrators.

The Deserter.

Henry B. Harris will present at the New Whitney Theatre, Ann Arbor, on Monday, January 16, Helen Ware who is considered America's foremost actress, in the military play, "The Deserters." It comes to this theatre direct from a successful run at the Hudson Theatre, with the original cast and production. Miss Ware, it will be remembered, was the original Annie Jeffries in "The Third Degree" and her work in this play being of sterling worth, it won for her stellar honors.

Those who revelled in the interesting features of "Arizona" will find much to admire in this, the newest military drama.

CHURCH CIRCLES

ST. PAULS.
Rev. A. A. Schoen, Pastor.
Services at the usual hour next Sunday morning.

The Young People's Society will meet at 7:30 p. m. to celebrate their ninth anniversary. Dr. Mills of Ann Arbor will give an address.

CONGREGATIONAL.
Rev. M. L. Grant, Pastor.

"What is Chelsea's Most Needed Improvement?" This question will be discussed at the morning service at 10 a. m.

Bible school at 11 a. m.
Young People's Meeting at 6 p. m. Evening worship at 7 o'clock. Subject, "The Reasonableness of Jesus."

BAPTIST.
Rev. F. I. Blanchard, Pastor.

Preaching service at 10 a. m. Subject, "Hindrances to Prayer."

Bible school at 11 a. m.
Young People's meeting at 6 p. m. Subject, "Lessons From Great Lives."

Preaching service at 7 p. m. Subject, "An Important Duty—Prepare to meet thy God."

Union prayer meeting at the Baptist church Thursday, January 19, at 7:15 p. m.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL.
Rev. J. W. Campbell, Pastor.

Sermon by the pastor on Sunday morning at 10 o'clock.

Bible study at 11 a. m.
Junior League at 3 p. m.

Epworth League devotional service at 6:15 p. m.

At 7 p. m. the pastor will deliver the second sermon in the series for January.

Union prayer meeting at the Baptist church on Thursday at 7 p. m.

SALEM GERMAN M. E. CHURCH,
NEAR FRANCISCO.

Rev. J. E. Beal, Pastor.
Sunday school begins at 9:30 a. m.

Morning service at 10:30 a. m.
There will be no Epworth League devotional meeting.

The evening service will begin at 7 o'clock. With this service the evangelistic meetings will begin to be continued for two weeks. Everybody is cordially welcome to attend.

The lecture by Mrs. Bertha Ohlenger, a missionary from China, which was to have been given last Sunday evening has been indefinitely postponed. Look for a later announcement.

School Notes.

Miss Wightman was sick and unable to teach Wednesday afternoon.

Several new pupils were enrolled in the different grades during the past week.

The floors of the new building were thoroughly cleaned and oiled during the Christmas vacation.

The high school will begin work in the spelling contest next week. The school has been divided into two sections, the winners being banqueted by the losers.

Sleigh-riding parties were in order last week. The seniors were entertained at the cottage of Miss Bacou at Cavanaugh Lake, the sophomores at the home of Harvey Johnson, and the freshmen at the home of Myrtle Wright.

The bi-monthly spelling contest between the fourth and fifth grades held recently resulted as follows: written spelling, fourth grade 99.5 per cent; fifth grade 99.6 per cent; oral spelling, fourth grade 97.5 per cent; fifth grade 93.5 per cent.

The death of our fellow classmate Louis Eppler has cast a gloom over the entire school. The pupils of the high school presented a pillow of flowers bearing his name and the name of the school; the freshman class of which he was a member, a pillow of white roses with the year of his class; and the faculty of the high school a bouquet of red roses. Bouquets of flowers were also presented by the first, fifth and eighth grades.

Louis was popular among his classmates and was a bright, capable student. The entire school and faculty join in extending to Mr. and Mrs. Eppler and family their most heart-felt sympathy in this hour of sad bereavement.

Escaped With His Life.

"Twenty-one years ago I faced an awful death," writes H. B. Martin, Port Harrelson, S. C. "Doctors said I had consumption and the dreadful cough I had looked like it, sure enough. I tried everything I could hear of, for my cough, and was under the treatment of the best doctor in Georgetown, S. C. for a year but could get no relief. A friend advised me to try Dr. King's New Discovery. I did so, and was completely cured. I feel that I owe my life to this great throat and lung cure." It's positively guaranteed for coughs, cold, and all bronchial affections. 50c. and \$1.00. Trial bottle free at L. T. Freeman Co., H. H. Fenn Co., L. P. Vogel.

The Standard "Want" adv. give results. Try them.

PERSONAL MENTION.

Miss Ethel Burkhart visited in Ann Arbor Tuesday.

Mrs. E. Burlison is visiting her sister in Jackson.

Fred Binder, of Jackson, spent Wednesday in Chelsea.

O. C. Burkhart was an Ann Arbor visitor Wednesday.

Clyde Lee, of Jackson, was a Chelsea visitor Tuesday.

Miss Nellie Maroney is the guest of her sister in Toledo.

Miss Kathryn Hooker is visiting her sister in Detroit.

Miss Erma Huber was in Ann Arbor Wednesday evening.

Miss Pauline Gribach visited Jackson relatives Sunday.

Mrs. C. E. Whitaker was an Ann Arbor visitor Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Foster were Jackson visitors Sunday.

L. L. Harsh, of Union City, called on Chelsea friends Monday.

Carl Wagner, of Ypsilanti, spent Sunday with his parents here.

Mrs. C. W. Maroney was the guest of Ann Arbor friends Tuesday.

Walter Grant, of Detroit, spent Tuesday with Chelsea relatives.

George Speer, of Detroit, was the guest of his parents here Sunday.

Daniel Peck, of Holly, was the guest of relatives here Wednesday.

Jacob Hummel spent Sunday in Jackson with relatives and friends.

Frank Freeman is spending a few days with his parents in Ann Arbor.

Mrs. R. D. Walker and daughter Josephine were Dexter visitors Friday.

Mrs. M. Brenner, of Ann Arbor, was the guest of Chelsea relatives Tuesday.

Karl Vogel will leave for Omaha, Neb., where he has accepted a position.

Mrs. Chas. Smith, of Detroit, is the guest of her mother, Mrs. R. P. Chase.

Miss Anna Walworth returned Monday from Hillsdale where she has been visiting friends.

Mrs. J. L. Gilbert left Tuesday for Leslie to attend the funeral of her brother, Elgin Wheeler.

Miss Nina Hunter returned to her school work in Lodi after spending a week at her home here.

Wm. Schwikerath, who is traveling in the southern states, is spending his vacation at his home here.

Miss Enid Phelps, who has been the guest of friends here the past week, returned to her home in Battle Creek Tuesday.

The Misses Alta, Alma, Ada Lehman, Ina and Marion Barth, of Ann Arbor, spent Sunday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. C. Lehman.

Miss Charlotte Steinbach returned to her school in Milan Monday after spending ten days with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Steinbach.

MILLIONS OF LIVES

An Awful Toll Collected by Consumption. Many Unnecessary Deaths.

If people could only understand that systemic catarrh is an internal disease that external application cannot cure, they would not need to be warned so often about this malady, which, when neglected, paves the way oftentimes for consumption, at the cost of millions of lives every year. Yet catarrh may be cured, if the right treatment is employed.

The only way to successfully treat catarrh is by employing a medicine which is absorbed and carried by the blood to all parts of the system, so that the mucous membrane or internal lining of the body is toned up and made capable of resisting the infection of consumption and other diseases.

We have a remedy prepared from the prescription of a physician who for thirty years studied and made catarrh a specialty, and whose record was a patient restored to health in every case where his treatment was followed as prescribed. That remedy is Rexall Mucu-Tone. We are so positive that it will completely overcome catarrh in all its various forms, whether acute or chronic, that we promise to return every penny paid us for the medicine in every case where it fails or for any reason does not satisfy the user.

We want you to try Rexall Mucu-Tone on our recommendation and guarantee. We are right here where you live, and you do not contract any obligation or risk when you try Rexall Mucu-Tone on our guarantee.

We have Rexall Mucu-Tone in two sizes, 50 cents and \$1.00. Very often the taking of one 50-cent bottle is sufficient to make a marked impression upon the case. Of course in chronic cases a longer treatment is necessary. The average in such instances is three \$1.00 bottles. Remember you can obtain Rexall Remedies in Chelsea only at our store—The Rexall Store. L. T. Freeman Co.



FRANK A. STIVERS

Candidate for the nomination on the Republican ticket for the office of Circuit Judge, twenty-second judicial district. Primary election, Wednesday, March 1, 1911.

The County Sheriff.

"The County Sheriff," a drama by Lem B. Parker, is the offering of the Sylvan Theatre on Friday, January 13. This play is said to have been so far this season universally praised by the press, both as a play of intense dramatic interest and comedy of the kind you always remember after witnessing a performance. "The County Sheriff" is a stirring melodramatic tale of strife between right and wrong. Its scenes are laid in the far West, the Black Hills during the early building of the wonderful country and its characters are taken from people in all walks of life there. It gives ample opportunity for stage settings of the best artist brush. The play is in four acts, each being as nearly as possible correct representations of actual scenes in the far West.

LAME EVERY MORNING.

A Bad Back is Always Worse in the Morning. Chelsea People Are Finding Relief.

A back that aches all day and causes discomfort at night is usually worse in the morning. Makes you feel as if you hadn't slept at all.

Can't cure a bad back until you cure the kidneys. Doan's Kidney Pills cure sick kidneys—make you feel better, work better, rest better and sleep better.

Permanent cures in Chelsea prove the merit of Doan's.

Mrs. Louis Burg, Garfield St., Chelsea, Mich., says: "I have no hesitation in recommending Doan's Kidney Pills, for I know them to be a remedy of great merit. I suffered intensely from backache and in the morning upon arising, I felt lame and weak. A distressing kidney weakness clung to me persistently and these troubles made me very anxious to get relief. Finally I procured Doan's Kidney Pills and soon after beginning their use, I was free from my aches and pains. I have been feeling much better in every way since taking this remedy."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

Production Of Copper.

Statistics and estimates received by the United States Geological survey from all plants known to produce blister copper from domestic ores and from all Lake mines indicate that the copper output from mines in the United States in 1910 will fall considerably below the output of 1909 but will exceed the production of any previous year.

Advice to mothers: Don't let your children waste away. Keep them strong and healthy during the winter with Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. It is the greatest tonic for children. Pure and harmless, does the greatest good. 35c tea or tablets.

WANT COLUMN

RENTS, REAL ESTATE, FOUND LOST WANTED ETC.

WANTED—Room and board in private family, by man and wife. Address "A" Chelsea Standard. 23

WANTED—To rent on shares, a good farm of 80 to 100 acres, east or south of Chelsea; level or gently sloping; on 3 or 5 years lease. Address "S" Chelsea Standard. 23

FOR SALE—A few more Cutters and Bobs left; will be sold at prices to close out. A. G. Faist. 23

FOR SALE—House and lot on Jefferson street, good location, and house in first-class condition. Call on Frank A. Leach. 23

FOR SALE—Small coal stove, in good condition, suitable for bedroom. S. A. Mapes. 22tf

WANTED—Names and addresses of parties residing in Washtenaw county who would be interested in receiving literature regarding Cadillac Automobile and having demonstration of car. Address, F. I. Lake, box 82, Ypsilanti, Mich. 23

FEED GRINDING—All kinds of feed grinding done promptly at 8 cents per hundred; corn shelled; plow points sharpened; all kinds crating sawed; lumber sawed on short notice; minnows for sale. Meinhold Bros., Phone 144-2s. Jerusalem Mills. 18tf

Some Stores

Are satisfied to advertise a Clearing Sale and then get all they can for their goods—get any price that can be arranged between themselves and their customer. We know one price to everyone is fairer to you and better for us, and we mark a plain price on all goods to every customer alike. Bring this paper and ask us for these items at sale prices.

Best \$25.00 Suits and Overcoats at.....	\$18.50
Best \$22.50 Suits at.....	\$16.50
Best \$20.00 Suits and Overcoats at.....	\$15.00
Best \$17.50 Suits and Overcoats at.....	\$13.50
Best \$15.00 Suits and Overcoats at.....	\$11.00

These prices include the famous Hart, Schaffner and Marx Clothes. Everyone concedes that these clothes have no equal in ready-to-wear Men's Clothes.

Clearance Sale of Boys' Suits at 1-4 to 1-2 Off.

Special prices on Men's Woolen Union Suits. Special prices on Men's Shirts and Draws to close out all Winter goods on hand.

Women's Coats

For the second week of our January Clearance Sale all our Women's Finest Coats and Suits have been again reduced. All of our highest priced winter Coats Broadcloth or fancy materials in Women's or Misses' sizes, all colors, newest goods, now as follows:

All Women's \$25.00 and \$35.00 Suits, now.....	\$14.95
All Women's \$20.00 and \$22.50 Suits now.....	\$13.00
All Women's \$15.00 and \$17.50 Suits now.....	\$10.00
All Women's and Misses' \$25.00 and \$22.50 Coats, now.....	\$15.50
All Women's and Misses' \$20.00 and \$17.50 Coats, new.....	\$12.50
All Women's and Misses' \$15.00 and \$20.00 Coats, now.....	\$10.50
Ask to see our Women's Odd Coats, no two alike, now.....	\$5.98 and \$7.50
All Children's Coats, every one in stock, now at.....	1-4 to 1-3 Off
All Women's Skirts in Blacks, Blues, Browns and Mixtures, all sizes 1-4 to 1-3 Off	

All Dress Goods, Black and Colors, Reduced in Price.

Reduced prices on Cottons, Bleached and Brown. Very best 72 inches wide 35c Bleached Sheetting now 26c. Special January prices on Sheets and Cases.

Don't Neglect Getting Our Prices on Linens.

We have sold over one-third of our entire stock since January 5th at these Sale Prices.

H. S. Holmes Mercantile Co.



At Sylvan Theatre, Friday evening, December 13.

Probate Order

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw, ss. At a session of the probate court for said county of Washtenaw, held at the probate office in the city of Ann Arbor, on the 10th day of December in the year one thousand nine hundred and ten.

Present, Emory E. Leland, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the estate of John McKune, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of J. E. McKune, administrator of said estate, praying that he may be licensed to sell certain real estate described therein at private sale for the purpose of paying debts.

It is ordered, that the 10th day of January next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at said probate office be appointed for hearing said petition. And it is further ordered, that a copy of this order be published three successive weeks previous to said time of hearing, in The Chelsea Standard a newspaper printed and circulating in said county of Washtenaw.

EMORY E. LELAND, Judge of Probate. (A true copy.) DONCAS C. DONOGAN, Register. 23

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EMORY E. LELAND, Judge of Probate. (A true copy.) DONCAS C. DONOGAN, Register. 23

Hummel & Fahrner

Dealers in

Flour, Feed, Hay and Straw

A full line of McCormick Binders and Mowers, McCormick Twine, McCormick Harrows and Drags, New Keystone Loaders and Rakes. Agents for Ontario Drills.

Bluebell Cream Separators

Just received, a stock of new Harness, both double and single, also halters, strap goods and whips.

All kinds of seeds in season. See us before you buy.

Hummel & Fahrner

Choice Meats

We buy only the choicest and that is why our meats are so delicious. Our roasts fairly melt in your mouth.

Now is the time to lay in your season's supply of lard. We have a large stock at the right price.

ADAM EPPLER

HOMESEEKERS' EXCURSION

VIA

MICHIGAN CENTRAL

to destinations in

ALABAMA, FLORIDA, GEORGIA, LOUISIANA (east of Mississippi River), MISSISSIPPI, NORTH CAROLINA, SOUTH CAROLINA, TENNESSEE and VIRGINIA.

Tickets on sale January 17, February 7 and 21, March 7 and 21, and April 4 and 18, 1911.

Return limit to reach original starting point within 25 days. Tickets to Florida sold in January, February and on March 7, return limit 12 days.

FOR PARTICULARS CONSULT AGENTS

Try Standard Want Column. You get results

REDUCTION SALE

ALL NEW GOODS

During January we will sell our entire stock of

Suits and Overcoats

for men and boys at greatly reduced prices. Every article in this reduction sale is new and up-to-the-minute.

We can and will save you money on every purchase during this great stock reduction sale. Come in and examine the new Suits and Overcoats.

Every Day Will be a Bargain Day During this Sale

DANCER BROTHERS.

CLOTHING FOR THE MAN WHO CARES.

Reduction Sale Now On

A Few of the Things That We Handle

Lumber	Lime	Brick	Tile	Cement
	Plaster	Salt, barrel or bulk		
Corn and Oat Chop	Bran	Middlings	Corn	
Oats	Wheat	Rye	Flour	
Oil Meal	Timothy and Clover Seed			

And various other articles too numerous to mention

COAL AND WOOD FOR SALE.

Satisfied customers are our best advertisement

CHELSEA ELEVATOR COMPANY

Quite Flattered

We felt quite flattered the other day when one of our farmer friends living out north of town told us that the first thing he looked for when he got his paper was our advertisement. He said he was always wondering what we were going to say next and usually found something to interest him. He had never thought bank advertising very interesting or exciting reading but had to confess that this series was somewhat out of the ordinary. While we have no desire to "run opposition" to our good friend the editor, he is as happy as we are over the fact that these advertisements are being read and that they are accomplishing their purpose, which is to bring people to the bank where they get in touch with us and become our customers. All any advertisement can do is to bring possible patrons to our door. If we cannot do our part then, we should not have published the advertisement. We want to say to those who are as yet unacquainted that we are just as friendly as these advertisements indicate and if they have inspired you with a desire to know us, we can assure you we will use every endeavor not to disappoint you. Come around and you will discover that the friendly spirit of the advertisements prevails over our entire establishment.

The Kempf Commercial & Savings Bank

LOCAL ITEMS.

January 20, will be Oliver day at Holmes & Walker store.

Born, Wednesday, January 4, 1911, to Mr. and Mrs. Guy Hulce, a son.

Mrs. B. B. Turnbull entertained the Five Hundred Club Wednesday evening.

Mrs. M. Boyd attended the funeral of Mrs. Margy Glover in Detroit Monday.

John Heselschwerdt last Saturday purchased of A. VanTine his property on Park street.

Born, Thursday, January 5, 1911, to Mr. and Mrs. Harold P. Glazier, of Wenatchee, Washington, a daughter.

Dr. R. S. Armstrong left Saturday for an extended visit with his son Arthur, who resides in southern Missouri.

John Eschelbach of Freedom, who has been confined to his home with an attack of rheumatism since last June, is slowly recovering.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Wallace entertained a number of friends at their home on Congdon street Saturday evening. Refreshments were served.

The Young People's Society of St. Paul's church will hold a box social at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Fred Seitz, of Lima, on Friday evening of this week.

W. H. Eisenman of Freedom on Wednesday received from Grand Rapids a thoroughbred Poland China breeding sow which he added to his herd of swine.

The annual meeting of the German Workingmen's Society will be held next Monday evening at 7 o'clock sun time. All members are requested to be present.

F. H. Belser was in Ann Arbor Friday and attended the banquet given in honor of the opening of the new council room. Mr. Belser was the first president of the council of that city.

The Excelsior Ladies will give a dancing party at the Sylvan Theatre, Wednesday, January 18. All Lady Maccabees and escorts, and all Sir Knights and ladies are cordially invited.

William Pottinger, who formerly resided in this place, was killed in Los Angeles, about a week ago, where he was working for the Edison Electric Light Co., by being run down by a street car.

Rev. J. W. Campbell was called to Morenci, his former charge last Sunday to preach a funeral sermon. Mrs. Campbell accompanied him and after spending a few days visiting in Detroit and Windsor she returns Thursday evening.

John Liebeck while delivering a load of lumber to the Grant & Wood Mfg. Co. yesterday met with an accident. He was driving near the power house when the sleigh was overturned and the load landed upon Mr. Liebeck fortunately no bones were broken.

The postoffice at Cement City was broken into about one o'clock Wednesday morning. The office safe was placed on a hand sled and hauled to the railroad where it was blown open and the men secured about \$50. The job is supposed to have been done by three men, one of whom was captured in Jackson yesterday morning.

Following are the names of those in district No. 6, Sylvan, who were not absent during the month of December. Carrie Dykema, Ray Mensing, Walter Oesterle, Ida Oesterle, Frieda Oesterle, Norman Schmidt, Frieda Schmidt, Clarence Widmayer and Myrtle Young. Percentage of attendance 90. Rena L. Notten, teacher.

Margarette Montague died at her home in Big Rapids, Sunday, January 8, 1911, aged 69 years. The remains were brought here Tuesday evening and taken to the home of her sister, Mrs. Thos. Jackson. The funeral was held from the Church of Our Lady of the Sacred Heart Wednesday morning, Rev. W. P. Considine officiating. Interment St. Mary's cemetery, Sylvan.

The most popular of western plays, "The County Sheriff," with its thrilling and romantic pictures of life in the Black Hills and its rich fund of quaint humor, is to be the attraction at the Sylvan Theatre on Friday, January 13, when O. E. Wee's Company of players in Lem B. Parker's new version will impersonate its picturesque and variegated types of rough pioneers. All the chivalry of the rough but generous west shows itself and the comedy is clean and wholesome and admirably brought out by an exceptionally clever cast of players.

Mrs. Chris. Weber of Sylvan is reported as being quite ill.

Mrs. S. Tyndall is confined to her home in Sylvan by illness.

Born, Tuesday, January 3, 1911, to Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Heselschwerdt, a daughter.

Special meeting of Olive Lodge, F. & A. M., Monday evening, January 16. Work on first degree.

John Bohnet of Sharon is in the U. of M. hospital at Ann Arbor where he is taking treatment for his eyes.

The Chelsea Lodge, No. 194, K. of P. installed their officers for the coming year Wednesday evening followed by a smoker and entertainment.

Mr. and Mrs. Elmer Beach, Miss Ettie Beach, Mrs. Nettie Rothman and daughter Gladys were guests at the home of Samuel Tucker, New Year's.

Saturday night at the Princess theatre "Strayed from the Range" a Nestor film will be the feature offering. It is a stirring drama and comedy of the west.

Charles Kelly, who is a student at Assumption College, Sandwich, returned Monday to his school work after a three weeks' vacation, spent at the home of his father, John Kelly.

The members of the O. E. S. will have a social evening at their hall, Tuesday evening, January 17, at 7:30 o'clock. Refreshments will be served and each member is requested to bring 10 cents.

John Faulkner and his son were fishing at North Lake the first of the week and succeeded in landing a fourteen pound pickerel, which they had on exhibition at VanRiper & Klingler's market Tuesday.

Harmon, the youngest son of Mr. and Mrs. Howard Everett, who has been in the U. of M. hospital at Ann Arbor, receiving treatment for an injured leg, for some weeks past, returned to the home of his parents last Saturday.

A number of the lady friends of Mrs. Michael Wackenhut met at her home on east Summit street last Friday evening and assisted her in celebrating the 53d anniversary of her birth. The event was a very enjoyable one and light refreshments were served.

About one o'clock Wednesday afternoon a portion of the brick cornice on the south end of the Kempf Commercial & Savings Bank building gave away and fell to the ground. The frost between the outside and inside walls is supposed to have caused the trouble.

Mrs. Margy Glover, widow of the late Wm. Glover, who formerly resided on Orchard street, Chelsea, but for the past twenty-five years has been a resident of Florida, died at the home of her daughter, Mrs. D. A. Yocum, in Detroit, last Friday. The funeral was held from the home Monday. Mrs. Glover was in her 81st year. Interment Jackson.

Last Friday evening about fifty friends of Mrs. Michael Icheldinger met at her home in Lima and gave her a very pleasant surprise, it being the fiftieth anniversary of her birth. Refreshments were served and everybody reported a very enjoyable evening. Mrs. Icheldinger was presented with a beautiful oak dining table as a remembrance of the occasion.

The Princess theatre will offer an unusually fine show on Saturday night of this week when it will offer four great pictures. The feature picture is entitled "Strayed from the Range," a Nestor film; "The Convict," a Thanhouser film; an Imp, "The Two Daughters," and a Thanhouser film, "A Husband's Jealous Wife." Two songs will complete the program.

Maude Juliaetta Carner.

Miss Maude Juliaetta Carner was born in Hillsdale, October 4, 1891, and died at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Conrad Spirnagle on Garfield street Tuesday evening, January 10, 1911, aged 20 years, 3 months and 6 days.

Miss Carner was the eldest daughter of Mrs. Conrad Spirnagle and was well known and highly esteemed by her friends. She has been afflicted with a hip and spinal trouble that caused her much suffering. She was a member of the Church of Our Lady of the Sacred Heart, a member of the Young Ladies' Sodality of that church and a social member of the L. O. T. M. M.

She is survived by her mother, Mrs. Conrad Spirnagle, a half-brother, Frank Carner, of Hillsdale, and two half-sisters, Misses Mary and Adeline Spirnagle.

The funeral will be held from the Church of Our Lady of the Sacred Heart Saturday morning at 9 o'clock, her pastor Rev. Fr. Considine will celebrate the mass. Interment Mt. Olivet cemetery.

W. P. Schenk & Company

Our Annual January Clearance Sale

Is Now Going Full Blast

And offers you a splendid opportunity to secure seasonable merchandise at much less than regular prices. More especially does this apply to Ladies', Misses' and Children's Coats, Furs, Sweater Coats, Ladies' Suits, Shawls, Wool Knit Scarfs and warm lined Shoes; Men's and Boys' Winter Suits and Overcoats, Sweater Coats, Fur Caps, Winter Gloves and Mittens.

The Biggest Values in Cloth Overcoats and Fur Overcoats Ever Offered in Chelsea.

You can't afford to buy elsewhere. Prove this to yourself by comparing. We will close out odd lots of Overcoats and Suits during this sale at from

One-Fourth to One-Half Off Regular Prices.

Ladies' Misses' and Children's Coat Values sacrificed as never before. We are simply determined to close them all out. We are now making a SECOND CUT on all Cloth Garments, that actually reduces them to

Half Their Value

Ladies' \$12.00 Coats Cut to.....	\$8.00
Ladies' \$15.00 Coats Cut to.....	\$7.50
Ladies' \$20.00 Coats Cut to.....	\$10.00
Ladies' \$25.00 Coats Cut to.....	\$12.50

Remember every department shares in this January Clearance Sale.

W.P.SCHENK & COMPANY

January Bargains

ONE-FOURTH off on all Fancie China and Crockery.
ONE-FOURTH off on all Jardinieres.
ONE-FOURTH off on all Heating Stoves.
We have a few more Rocking Chairs at ONE-FOURTH off.
See our Hardware Counters for bargains in Tools, Curry Combs, etc.

If you are going to need Buggies, Plows, Harness, Hay Carriers and Rakes or Fence we can save you some money if you purchase now. A few more sets of Harness at prices to close out.

Remember we are making some very low prices on Groceries, our Teas and Coffees can't be beat for quality or price.

20 pounds sugar for \$1.00 with other goods.

Watch our Windows for Snaps.

J. Bacon Mercantile Co.

LOW ROUND TRIP Winter Tourist Fares VIA MICHIGAN CENTRAL

TO POINTS IN:

Alabama, Central America, Cuba, Florida, Georgia, Louisiana, Mexico, Mississippi, New Providence, New Mexico, North Carolina, South Carolina, Tennessee and Texas.

Tickets on sale daily December 27, 1910 to April 30, 1911. Return Limit June 1, 1911.

Tickets are also sold to Florida going one route returning another. Liberal stop-over privileges.

FOR PARTICULARS CONSULT AGENTS

Try The Standard Want Column

IT GIVES RESULTS

Mrs. Fiske in "Becky Sharp."

And now Mrs. Fiske will again come to us, this time in the greatest role she has ever played, that of "Becky Sharp." Harrison Grey Fiske announces that this is the play selected for her engagement at the New Whitney Theatre, Ann Arbor, Friday, January 20. Mrs. Fiske will have the able support of the well-known and well-trained Manhattan Company which has done service for her now these six years, and which contains many of the best players on the American stage. It must indeed be gratifying to Mrs. Fiske to return to those sections of the country which were the scenes of her early endeavors, her years of preliminary training, in this her masterpiece. As a silent, frail girl Minnie Maddern developed her wonderful art in the vast empire of the west and south until finally equipped and in perfect mastery of it, she brought the repellant east to her feet and has ever maintained her position as the most distinguished actress of the day.

Notice.

Commencing Monday, January 16th, 1911, the undersigned banks will discontinue the practice of closing for the noon hour as has been our custom, thus making our office hours from 8:30 a. m. to 3:30 p. m. standard time. We will also be open on Saturday evenings from 6 to 7:30 standard time.

KEMP COMMERCIAL & SAVINGS BANK
Geo. A. BeGole, Cashier.
FARMERS & MERCHANTS BANK.
Paul G. Schaible, Cashier.

Auction Sale.

Otto F. Hoppe having gone into business in Ann Arbor will sell all his personal property at auction on his farm, two miles east of Francisco and five miles west of Chelsea, on the electric line on Tuesday, January 17, 1911, commencing at 10 o'clock a. m. as follows: Four head of horses, two milch cows, two head of young cattle, thirty-eight black top ewes, fifteen spring lambs, one ram, chickens, farm tools of all kind, quantity of hay and grain. Weather permitting a picture of the crowd will be taken by Frank Longman about two o'clock. Good lunch and hot coffee served at noon. This sale will positively take place rain or shine. Jas. W. Fennell, auctioneer.

Notice.

The undersigned will be at the Sylvan town hall on Saturday to receive township taxes.
J. E. MOKUNE, Treasurer. 1817

The Naughty Little Milliner

A TRUE STORY OF THE SECRET SERVICE

By Col. H. C. Whitley, Former Chief United States Secret Service



HE sympathy of the public is usually bestowed upon the weaker sex, although Heaven knows it is a mistake to suppose that the weakness of humanity is confined to woman alone. Certainly in matters of love and sacrifice she often-times proves herself the stronger, and in criminal ways her powers of invention have many times reached the same of perfection. The subtle devices resorted to by women for pulling the wool over the eyes of the officers of the law are frequently more misleading and difficult to penetrate than the most scientific roguery planned by men.

The several novel expedients resorted to by the Widow Wood, better known in police circles as "The Naughty Little Milliner," for throwing dust into the eyes of the detectives, is indeed a marvelous exemplification of female ingenuity.

It was along in the early seventies when it became known that there was circulating about New Orleans a dangerous counterfeit five dollar treasury note, likewise a pretty good imitation of silver half dollars. A number of these bad five dollar bills were received at the banks and might have passed along undetected had not one of the bankers, more discerning than the others, made the discovery that these notes were counterfeit, though they were well calculated to deceive the average tradesman. The bogus half dollars had been coined with steel dies and were exact facsimiles of the genuine in all except the metal they contained. They passed readily among the foreigners, especially about the French market.

Operator James Fitzpatrick, who was at that time in charge of government secret service affairs in New Orleans, began an investigation for the purpose of ferreting out the source of this bad money. After weeks of anxious watching it was learned that a young girl who daily visited the French market for the purpose of buying family provisions had, as regularly as she came, left a bogus half dollar. She wore a tattered dress and there was a sorrowful expression settled about her pallid yet interesting features. It was the gentle and dejected expression of her countenance that first attracted the attention of Officer Fitzpatrick. The Gascons and Italian dealers about the market had never made a complaint in regard to the bad money, as they could readily pass it off on one another or at the coffee houses along the river front.

Following the girl one day the officer traced her to a little variety store on St. Joseph street, near the corner of Tchoupitoulas street. After a short time had elapsed the girl came out of the shop. She was now attired in somewhat above the common garb. Unobserved by her, the officer watched her movements until she finally went into a small grocery store. When she came out she carried a package. It was plain that she had made a purchase. When the girl was well out of sight the detective stepped into the little store and requested the Creole boy in attendance to let him see the money that he had received from the girl that had just left the place. It was a new five dollar note that the boy handed out. Looking it over carefully it was found to be one of the bogus kind.

The officer made a plausible explanation that he thought sufficient to satisfy the curiosity of the boy, and was now quite certain that he was on the track of the source of the counterfeit and that the occupants of the little variety store were the distributors of the bogus stuff.

Opposite the variety store across the street was the sign "Furnished Rooms to Rent," and Fitzpatrick was fortunate enough to be able to hire a front room where he could sit at the window and watch the suspected place. In the course of time he learned that the occupants were mother and daughter. The mother was a widow, quite pretty, about thirty years of age. Her daughter was not more than twelve or fourteen. As the wheels of time rolled on it was learned further that the husband had died but a short time before and that the family had entombed in New Orleans. It was likewise discovered that the little store was a resort for persons who would bear watching. The officer noticed that the woman who was the occupant occasionally left this place of business carrying a basket on her arm and that she was always looking over her shoulder and peering about as if she suspected she was being watched. Tracking her one day, she led the way to the St. Louis cemetery on Basin street. Approaching a tomb, she knelt down before it and bowed her head as if engaged in prayer. Leaving against a tomb nearby was a well-dressed man apparently waiting for some one. As the detective carefully scanned along he drew near the stranger, and as he did

so he saw a signal of recognition between the man and the woman. The latter, having completed her seeming errand of love, peered cautiously around for a moment and retired to the cemetery. The detective thought she might have come there to meet this man, but had been foiled in her intentions by the appearance of a third person.

It was Sunday that the occurrence described took place. On the same day of the week following the detective, disguised as a decrepit old man apparently almost blind, went into the cemetery early and took a seat beside a tomb not far from the one upon which the woman had placed the flowers the Sunday before. It was nearly noon-day when the suspected woman with her basket upon her arm came in. The basket was filled with flowers as before. She was dressed in deep mourning and seemingly bent on a sorrowful errand. This time she did not kneel, but sat down beside the tomb and bowed her head as if in contemplation. After a short time the stranger of the week previous entered the cemetery and approached the sorrowing woman by a circuitous route. Neither of these persons seemed to take any notice of the old man leaning upon the nearby tomb. The stranger and woman met and engaged in conversation. They were partially concealed from the view of the old man, who now straightened up and hobbled towards them, upon which the stranger suddenly bolted over an adjoining tomb and took to his heels. The disguised officer rushed up to the widow and demanded to see what she carried in her basket. Upon an examination it was found to contain a set of dies for coining imitation silver half dollars.

The woman was arrested. Her little store was searched, but nothing of an incriminating nature was found there. The woman said her name was Wood, and that her husband had died but a short time before. She had since his death regularly visited the cemetery every Sunday for the purpose of decorating his tomb. She had a young daughter to support and had been sorely pressed for money. The dies which she carried in her basket had been left with her by a man who asked her to sell them for him. On second thought she had resolved not to comply with his request as she feared such an act might be wrong. She had gone to the cemetery that day for the purpose of returning them.

Her explanation was not altogether satisfactory to the mind of Fitzpatrick. The widow Wood, notwithstanding her protestations of innocence, was placed upon trial charged with having counterfeited dies in her possession. There was no question in regard to the possession of these dies—but did she have knowledge of their nature, or was she a victim of a cunningly devised scheme of a person who was seeking to dispose of them.

There were at that time existing in New Orleans as in other cities at least two classes of persons subject to sit on juries. On the one hand there was the fellow with the dark brow, who thought there was no great harm in passing counterfeit money. On the other, there was the man who would scorn to commit a crime himself or have a neighborly feeling for any person engaged in swindling the public, yet whose sympathy might get the best of him when called upon to sit upon a jury and try a woman for an offense.

The Widow Wood told a false story in regard to the counterfeit dies, but the tale of her struggles to maintain herself and keep her head above water was touching in the extreme. It brought sympathetic tears to the eyes of the warm-hearted and chivalrous southerners. They could not think of convicting her.

One evening a few months subsequent to the widow's honorable exonerated, a good-natured gentleman, a member of the jury that had acquitted her, was on his way to his home from his office on Carondelet street. He suddenly felt his coat skirt pulled. Turning around he was not a little astonished to find himself confronted by a prepossessing woman whom he could not remember ever having seen before.

"Are you Mr. Chappela?" she asked in a sweet voice.

Without further ceremony she introduced herself as Mrs. Wood, the lady who had been falsely accused by a United States detective. She said she had approached him because she had learned that he was a benefactor to the worthy poor and that she now stood sadly in need of assistance. Her story was that she and her daughter of tender age had been keeping a small variety store and had become heavily involved in debt. Through humiliation and want she had managed to struggle along and eke out an existence. An attachment had now been issued and a keeper put in her little store. Tears glistened in her beautiful brown eyes as she narrated her pitiful tale. She had \$10,000, which would soon come to her from her father's estate and if she could

only stave off the trouble for a short time—

The good hearted southerner's sympathy was not confined to words alone. He went at once to her little store and paid the \$300 demanded by the keeper and left her \$100 besides to relieve her immediate wants.

It was only a few days following this when Detective Fitzpatrick concluded to enter the Widow Woods' place of business and make a thorough search. He had obtained some new evidence in regard to her dealing with "queer" money.

When he entered the suspected place he discovered that it was nearly empty. Everything of value had been removed. A number of cheap artificial flowers, bits of worn ribbon and lace and empty handboxes constituted the stock. It was all appearance and no value. The little room in the rear of the place had been the Madam's living quarters; it also was empty except a few tattered garments strewn about.

What puzzled the detective most was to account for the removal of the goods without attracting his attention. The movements of the woman had been carefully watched and the detective had recognized the Carondelet street broker as he visited the widow's store, and the exit shortly after of a man very much resembling the stranger who had met the Widow Wood in the cemetery on the occasion of her arrest. It finally came to light

that the broker had been done out of four hundred dollars by the widow who had planned the "keeper" scheme with a confederate.

After diligent search about the city the detectives were unable to learn the whereabouts of the widow, who had skipped out for parts unknown. Detective Fitzpatrick was fortunate enough to secure a photograph of her, and a number of copies of it were made and forwarded to the branches of the secret service in the various cities of the country.

She was first recognized in Cincinnati where she had offered a five-dollar counterfeit bill. When arrested and searched, no other bad money was found upon her person, and she was released for the want of sufficient evidence.

A secret service officer carrying the widow's photograph was sure he had met her while on his way from Washington to New York. He was not quite certain, but was sure enough to attempt to follow her for the purpose of learning her location. She probably "tumbled" to the detective while he was cycling her intensely. She did not affect to notice him, but managed, however, to give him the slip.

Just before the train arrived at Jersey City, the suspected woman got up from her seat and stepped into the ladies retiring room at the front end. The detective was keeping his eagle eye on this place when the passengers in front of him arose to leave the car. He worked his way as rapidly as possible towards the front exit, and rushing to the ferry landing, he took a position where he could carefully view the face of every woman entering the ferry boat. Not seeing the suspected woman he was the first to spring ashore on the New York side where he again scanned the faces of the women as they passed. He was disappointed and ready to kick himself when he realized how neatly he had been done for.

New York city affords one of the best covers for all classes of criminals. Here the thief mixes with the throng and passes along unnoticed. It was a

year or more after the occurrence of the incident just related, when the same detective while rambling about the city chanced to meet a well-dressed woman who bore a marked resemblance to the little milliner. She turned her head and gave him a side glance as he passed. He kept along at a considerable distance and turned just in time to catch sight of her as she stepped into Johnson's millinery establishment. Taking up a position at a point diagonally across the street, and sheltering himself a little in a doorway, he was enabled to distinguish persons as they passed in and out of the shop. While he stood watching, a bright looking boy came along with a bundle of newspapers under his arm. The detective called him up and bargained with him to do a little "piping" for him. When the suspected woman came out of the millinery store she was pointed out to the boy who was told to follow her and, if possible, trace her to her home. The boy was promised \$5 for the job if his information proved to be correct, and he was to meet the officer later and report. When the boy came back to the officer he had followed the woman to a little shop on Ninth avenue. He said she went in and took off her bonnet as though she belonged there.

The detective reported meeting the woman who had so nicely escaped him and had located her in a small store on Ninth avenue where she hung over the door a sign that read "Fine Millinery Work Done Here." It was quite reasonable to believe that the woman was none other than the naughty little milliner from New Orleans and that she was then doing business in New York. Officer Fitzpatrick of New Orleans was the only detective on the force that could positively identify her, but it wouldn't do to bring him for that purpose as she would be sure to see him first, and having been put upon her guard she might fly away.

The idea was to plan a ruse for the purpose of capturing her with evidence to convict. For this purpose

ing lady came in here one day and tried on my bonnets; she wanted a nice one but I could not fit her. She said she lived somewhere in the suburbs and she was in a great hurry. She finally picked out one and said it would do well enough for size, but she wanted it trimmed differently. I have made the alterations as she described but have not seen her since. I have made bonnets for a number of wealthy people. Some of my customers ride in their carriages within a block of my store and walk the rest of the way, as it would not do for them to be seen in a little store like this. They have recognized the fact that I make the swellest bonnets and sell them at about half the price asked in the large millinery parlors.

"Well, I declare," said the old gentleman; "that is about the kind of a bonnet I want."

"I thought you would fall in love with it," said the little milliner, "as it is beautiful. The woman hasn't called for it, yet even if I thought she would, I will sell it inasmuch as it's going out of town and I can make her another just like it."

After haggling about the price for a time the old gentleman concluded to buy it.

"I will take it along with me," said he, as he laid down a twenty dollar bill of the National Shoe & Leather bank to pay for it.

The milliner picked up the note and looking it over for a moment, her face lit up with a smile of pleasant sarcasm, as she said, "Look here, old fellow, this bill won't do."

The curious expression upon her face was certainly amusing, and the countryman thought he noticed a lurking smile upon her countenance that betokened sympathy and indicated that she was posted on that kind of money.

"Look here, I know that stuff as well as you do, so you just keep it and give me something else."

They stood and looked each other in the face. There was a mutual sympathy—two souls with but a single thought.

"My name is David Kirkbride," naming a well-known counterfeiter.

"Good gracious," exclaimed the woman, "why didn't you say so? I have never met you before, but I have often heard my friend Eva Cole talk about you. What were you thinking about when you came in here?"

"Oh, just about what I told you; besides I thought it was a good chance to shove a twenty."

"Why," said she, "I buy these bonnets at Johnson's and keep them for a stall. If you really want this one, you are welcome to it."

As she became more confidential, she said, putting on a peculiar smile, "Suppose I had given you your change in a bill like this one," as she produced a five dollar bill.

"Well, well," said the old fellow, "it would have been all right with me. But I am keeping pretty shady at this time; I carry my stuff concealed in my tobacco pouch and only keep a little on hand at a time."

"Oh," said she, "you men think you are smart at doing things, but you're slow. I was arrested in Cincinnati by the city detective because I offered a counterfeit bill in payment for a pair of gloves, but they searched me at the police station and couldn't find any of the 'queer' about me. I put up a nice slip and was very indignant, and Jim Ruffin, the chief of police, got scared and turned me loose."

"What do you think? I had more than a thousand dollars of those five dollar bills with me at the time, but they couldn't begin to find them. Just look here," she said; and reaching her hand into an opening in her dress she pulled a string and drew her bustle to the front.

This on being opened at the end contained a pocket. The widow, by pulling the string, could move the bustle around her waist at will.

"What is this contrivance for?" Kirkbride inquired.

"You can put your hand into it and see—"

"He pulled out a handful of clean five dollar counterfeit notes. As he did so he expressed great amazement at the ingenuity of her plan.

"I have carried 'phony' with me for years," she said, "but no one has ever discovered or even suspected it. At this moment the Jersey farmer reached out and grabbed the widow's bustle. Unbuckling the belt that held it, he pulled it from her person. She was greatly surprised when she realized that she was at last fairly caught red-handed."

This charming little widow was now escorted to my branch office on Blocker street. After a long and tedious questioning and convincing argument on my part, she so far yielded as to turn "squealer" and assist the government.

This little woman with the sparkling brown eyes was a fair sample of exquisite female shrewdness. The little dodge she played upon the detective who in parlance was "gunning" her in the car, was this. She stepped into the retiring room, let down her hair and braided it. Throwing her bonnet out of the window, she put a small worried cap on her head. Turning her dress (that had been specially made for the purpose and artistically arranged so as to make it long or short) inside out, she bore the appearance of a school girl. Assuming a look of innocent childhood, she could meet the gaze of the officer and pass along without discovery.

She was now the entering wedge to the arrest of a number of persons connected with the Mianer gang of counterfeiters, and the government was amply compensated for the money expended in running her down through the information she gave.

"Here," said she, "is a lovely bonnet that I trimmed for a rich lady, but it has not been called for. A fine look-



THE STRANGER AND WOMAN MET AND ENGAGED IN CONVERSATION

THE JERSEY FARMER REACHED OUT AND GRABBED THE WIDOW'S BUSTLE

SHE SCATTERED FLOWERS UPON THE FLOOR

LOOK TO YOUR KIDNEYS.

When Suffering From Backache, Headaches and Urinary Troubles.

They are probably the true source of your misery. To keep well, you must keep your kidneys well.

There is no better kidney remedy than Doan's Kidney Pills. They cure sick kidneys and cure them permanently.

Edward Por-sche, 1833 Cleveland Ave., Chicago, Ill., says: "My eyes were puffed from dropsy and my face and feet terribly swollen. I was laid up for three months and although I doctored, I received little benefit. Doan's Kidney Pills relieved the awful back pain, stopped the swelling and made me feel 100 per cent. better."

Remember the name—Doan's. For sale by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Father of the Man. Miss Amelia Austin listened with breathless attention to Mrs. Amasa Hunting's radiant account of the doings of James Hunting, her husband's younger brother, who had left Westbrook-in-the-Hills in his youth and had become a millionaire.

"Where is Jim this summer?" Miss Amelia inquired, at the end of the recital.

"He has gone abroad for baths," replied Mrs. Hunting.

"I ain't one mite surprised to hear that," Miss Amelia said. "His mother never could make him wash his neck."—Youth's Companion.

STUBBORN ECZEMA ON HANDS

"Some nine years ago I noticed small pimples breaking out on the back of my hands. They became very irritating, and gradually became worse, so that I could not sleep at night. I consulted a physician who treated me a long time, but it got worse, and I could not put my hands in water. I was treated at the hospital, and it was just the same. I was told that it was a very bad case of eczema. Well, I just kept on using everything that I could for nearly eight years until I was advised to try Cuticura Ointment. I did so, and I found after a few applications and by bandaging my hands well up that the burning sensations were disappearing. I could sleep well, and did not have any itching during the night. I began after a while to use Cuticura Soap for a wash for them, and I think by using the Soap and Ointment I was much benefited. I stuck to the Cuticura treatment, and thought if I could use other remedies for over seven years with no result, and after only having a few applications and finding ease from Cuticura Ointment, I thought it deserved a fair trial with a severe and stubborn case. I used the Ointment and Soap for nearly six months, and I am glad to say that I have hands as clear as anyone."

"It is my wish that you publish this letter to all the world, and if anyone doubts it, let them write me and I will give them the name of my physician, also the hospital I was treated at." (Signed) Miss Mary A. Bentley, 93 University St., Montreal, Que., Sept. 14, 1910.

The Pronouns. "We must economize," said the man of high financial authority. "Your grammar is at fault," replied the ordinary citizen. "Why do you insist on using the first instead of the second person plural?"

A Card. We, the undersigned, do hereby agree to refund the money on a 50-cent bottle of Greene's Warranted Syrup of Tar if it fails to cure your cough or cold. We also guarantee a 25-cent bottle to prove satisfactory or money refunded. Your Druggist, My Druggist, Any Druggist in Michigan.

And it sometimes happens that a man likes to have his wife get so mad she won't speak to him—then she will not ask him for money.

PILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS. Your Druggist will refund money if 1420 Ointment fails to cure any case of Piles, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

The reason the bigger advertisers have one idea so vigorously is that it is his whole stock in intellectual trade.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c bottle.

Life is full of ups and downs—but unfortunately most of us are down more of the time than up.

Many people suffer from weak hearts. They may experience shortness of breath on exertion, pain over the heart, or dizzy feelings, oppressed breathing after meals or their eyes become blurred, their heart is not sufficiently strong to pump blood to the extremities, and they have cold hands and feet, or poor appetite because of weakened blood supply to the stomach. A heart tonic and alternative should be taken which has no bad after-effect. Such is Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, which contains no dangerous narcotics.

The ingredients, as attested under oath, are Stone root (Galeosoma quadrifidum), Bloodroot (Sanguinaria Canadensis), Golden Seal root (Hydrastis Canadensis), Queen's root (Sillaria Scariosa), Black Cohosh root (Actaea Racemosa), and other potent herbs, which are scientifically prepared in a way that no drugist could imitate.

This tonic contains no alcohol to stiffen up the red blood corpuscles; but, on the other hand, it increases their number and they become round and healthy, helps the human system in the constant manufacture of rich, red blood. It thereby helps digestion and curing dyspepsia from the food, thereby helping digestion and curing dyspepsia from the food, thereby helping digestion and curing dyspepsia from the food.

For the run-down, anemic, thin-blooded people, the "Discovery" is a refreshing tonic. Stick to this safe and sure remedy, and refuse all "patent" medicines offered by the druggist who is looking for a larger profit, and let Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery will do you half as much good.

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Weak Heart

Household Economy

How to Have the Best Cough Syrup and Save \$2. by Making It at Home.

Cough medicines, as a rule, contain a large quantity of plain syrup. If you take one pint of granulated sugar, add 4 pints of warm water and stir about 3 minutes. You have as good a syrup as money could buy.

If you will then put 2 1/2 ounces of Pinex (50 cents worth) in a pint bottle, and fill it up with the Sugar Syrup, you will have as much good cough syrup as you could buy ready made for \$2.50. It keeps perfectly.

And you will find it the best cough syrup you ever used—even in whooping cough. You can feel it take hold—usually it stops the most severe cough in 24 hours. It is just laxative enough, has a good tonic effect and taste is pleasant. Take a teaspoonful every one, two or three hours.

It is a splendid remedy, too, for hoarseness, asthma, chest pains, etc. Pinex is the most valuable concentrated extract of Norway white pine extract, rich in gaulthol and all the healing pine elements. No other preparation will work in this formula.

This recipe for making cough remedy with Pinex and Sugar Syrup is now used and prized in thousands of homes in the United States and Canada. The plan has often been imitated but never successfully.

A guaranty of absolute satisfaction, or money promptly refunded, goes with this recipe. Your druggist has Pinex or will get it for you. If not, send to The Pinex Co., 24 Main St., St. Wayne, Ind.

In Different Parts of the House. Caller (to little daughter of the house)—Hullo, dear? Where are you off to?

Daughter of the House—I'm just going up to watch Marie do mother's hair.

Caller—Oh, dear! Then I'm afraid we shan't be able to see your mother. Daughter of the House—Oh, yes; you'll find her down there in the drawing room.

Nothing amuses the average man more than to have some woman believe she is bossing him.

FREE ADVICE TO WOMEN

Women suffering from any form of illness are invited to promptly communicate with Mrs. Pinkham at Lynn, Mass. All letters are received, opened, read and answered by women. A woman can freely talk of her private illness to a woman; thus has been established this confidence between Mrs. Pinkham and the women of America which has never been broken. Never has she published a testimonial or used a letter without the written consent of the writer, and never has the Company allowed these confidential letters to get out of their possession, as the hundreds of thousands of them in their files will attest.

Out of the vast volume of experience which Mrs. Pinkham has to draw from, it is more than possible that she has gained the very knowledge needed in your case. She asks nothing in return except your good will, and her advice has helped thousands. Surely any woman, rich or poor, should be glad to take advantage of this generous offer of assistance. Address Mrs. Pinkham, care of Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass.

Every woman ought to have Lydia E. Pinkham's 80-page Text Book. It is not a book for general distribution, as it is too expensive. It is free and only obtainable by mail. Write for it today.

The Army of Constipation

Is Growing Smaller Every Day. CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are responsible—they not only give relief—they permanently cure Constipation. 25c. Mailed free. Write for them for Bilemness, Indigestion, Sick Headache, Sallow Skin.

Small Pill, Small Dose, Small Price. Genuine must bear Signature.

PATENT YOUR IDEAS. They may bring you money. Write to J. Edgar Fitzgerald & Co., Pat. Attys., Box 8, Washington, D.C.

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SERIAL STORY

When a Man Marries

By MARY ROBERTS RINEHART

Author of "The Circular Staircase," "The Man in Lower Ten," etc.

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Needles and pins. When a man marries his trouble begins.

CHAPTER I.

At Least I Meant Well.

When the dreadful thing occurred that night, every one turned on me. The injustice of it hurt me most. They said I got up the dinner, that I asked them to give up other engagements and come, that I promised all kinds of jollification, if they would come; and then when they did come and got in the papers, and every one—but ourselves—laughed himself black in the face, they turned on me! I, who suffered ten times to their one! I shall never forget what Dallas Brown said to me, standing with a coal shovel in one hand and a well-worn hat in the other, to tell it all in the order it happened.

It began with Jimmy Wilson and a conspiracy, was helped on by a foot-square piece of yellow paper and a Japanese butler, and it ended with me, who should have been lines, were really dimples, his face was about as flexible and full of expression as a pillow in a tight cover. The angrier he got the funnier he looked, and when he was raging, and his neck swelled up over his collar and got red, he was entrancing. And every body liked him, and borrowed money from him, and laughed at his pictures (the one in the Hargrave gallery in London now, so people buy them instead), and smoked his cigarettes, and tried to steal his Jap. The whole story hinges on the Jap.

The trouble was, I think, that no one took Jim seriously. His ambition in life was to be taken seriously, but people steadily refused to. His art was a huge joke—except to himself. If he asked people to dinner, every one expected a frolic. When he married Bella Knowles, people chuckled at the wedding, and considered it the wildest prank of Jimmy's career, although Jim himself seemed to take it awfully hard.

We had all known them both for years. I went to Farmington with Bella, and Anne Brown was her matron of honor when she married Jim. My first winter out, Jimmy had paid me a lot of attention. He painted my portrait in oils and had a studio tea to exhibit it. It was a very nice picture, but it did not look like me, so I stayed from the exhibition. Jim asked me to. He said he was not a photographer, and that anyhow the rest of my features called for the nose he had given me, and that all the Greuze women have long necks. I have not.

After I had refused Jim twice he met Bella at a camp in the Adirondacks and when he came back he came at once to see me. He seemed to think I would be sorry to lose him, and he blundered over the telling for 20 minutes. Of course, no woman likes to lose a lover, no matter what she may say about it, but Jim had been getting on my nerves for some time, and I was much calmer than he expected me to be.

"If you mean," I said, finally in desperation, "that you and Bella are in love, why don't you say so, Jim? I think you will find that I stand it wonderfully."

He brightened perceptibly. "I didn't know how you would take it, Kit," he said, "and I hope we will always be bully friends. You are absolutely sure you don't care a whoop for me?"

"Absolutely," I replied, and we shook hands on it. Then he began about Bella; it was very tiresome. Bella is a nice girl, but I had roomed with her at school, and I was under no illusions. When Jim raved about Bella and her banjo, and Bella and her guitar, I had painful moments when I recalled Bella's learning her two songs on each instrument, and the old English ballad she had learned to play on the harp. When he said she was too good for him, I never hated any one. And I shook hands solemnly across the tea table again, and wished him happiness—which was sincere enough, but hopeless—and said we had only been playing a game, and that it was time to stop playing. Jim kissed my hand, and it was really very touching.

We had been the best of friends ever since. Two days before the wedding he came around from his tailor's, and we burned all his letters to me. He would read one and say: "Here's a crackjack, Kit," and pass it to me. And after I had read it we would lay it on the firelog, and Jim would say, "I am not worthy of her, Kit. I wonder if I can make her happy?" Or—"Did you know that the duke of Belford proposed to her in London last winter?"

Of course, one has to take the woman's word about a thing like that, but the duke of Belford had been mad about Maude Richard all that winter.

You can see that the burning of the letters, which was meant to be a sentimental, a sort of how-silly-we-were-it-is-all-over-now occasion, became actually a two hours' eulogy of Bella. And just when I was bored to death, the Mercer girls dropped in and heard Jim begin to read one commencing "dearest Kit." And the next day after the rehearsal dinner, they told Bella:

There was very nearly no wedding at all. Bella came to see me in a frenzy the next morning and threw Jim and his two hundred odd pounds in my face, and although I explained it all over and over, she never quite forgave me. That was what made it so hard later—the situation would have been bad enough without that complication.

They went abroad on their wedding journey, and stayed several months. And when Jim came back he was fatter than ever. Everybody noticed it. Bella had a gymnasium fitted up in a corner of the studio, but he would not use it. He smoked a pipe and painted all day, and drank beer and would eat starches or whatever it is that is fattening. But he adored Bella, and he was really jealous of her. At dinner he used to glare at the man who took her in, although it did not make him thin. Bella was flirting, too, and by the time they had been married a year, people hitched their chairs together and dropped their voices when they were mentioned.

Well, on the anniversary of the day Bella left him—oh, yes, she left him finally. She was intense enough about some things, and she said it got on her nerves to have everybody chuckle when they asked for her husband. They would say, "Hello, Bella! How's Bubbles? Still banting?" And Bella would try to laugh and say, "He



"Look at That Infernal Hand."

swears his tailor says his waist is smaller, but if it is he must be growing fatter in the back." But she got tired of it at last. Well, on the second anniversary of Bella's departure, Jimmy was feeling pretty glum, and as I say, I am very fond of Jim. The divorce had just gone through and Bella had taken her maiden name again and had had an operation for appendicitis. We heard after that they didn't find an appendix, and that the one they showed her in a glass jar was not hers! But if Bella ever suspected, she didn't say. Whether the appendix was anonymous or not, she got box after box of flowers that were, and of course every one knew that it was Jim who sent them.

To go back to the anniversary: I went to Rothberg's to see the collection of antique furniture—mother was looking for a sideboard for father's birthday in March—and I met Jimmy there, boring into a worm-hole in a seventeenth century bedpost with the end of a match, and looking his nearest to sad. When he saw me he came over.

"I'm blue today, Kit," he said, after we had shaken hands. "Come and help me dig bait, and then let's go fishing. If there's a worm in every hole in that bedpost, we could go into the fish business. It's good business."

"Better than painting?" I asked. But he ignored my gibe and swelled up alarmingly in order to sigh.

"This is the worst day of the year for me," he affirmed, staring straight ahead, "and the longest. Look at that crazy clock over there. If you want to see your life passing away, if you want to see the steps by which you are marching to eternity, watch that clock marking the time. Look at that infernal hand staying quiet for 60 seconds and then jumping forward to catch up the procession. Ugh!"

"See here, Jim," I said, leaning forward, "you're not well. You can't go through the rest of the day like this. I know what you'll do: You'll go home to play Grieg on the piano, and you won't eat any dinner." He looked guilty.

"Not Grieg," he protested feebly. "Beethoven."

"You're not going to do either," I said with firmness. "You are going right home to unpack those new draperies that Harry Bayless sent you

from Shanghai, and you are going to order dinner for eight—that will be two tables of bridge. And you are not going to touch the piano."

He did not seem enthusiastic, but he rose and picked up his hat, and stood looking down at me where I sat on an old horse-hair covered sofa. "I wish to thunder I had married you!" he said savagely. "You're the finest girl I know, Kit, without exception, and you are going to throw yourself away on Jack Manning, or Max, or some other—"

"Nothing of the sort," I said coldly, "and the fact that you didn't marry me does not give you the privilege of abusing my friends. Anyhow, I don't like you when you speak like that."

Jim took me to the door and stopped there to sigh.

"I haven't been well," he said, heavily. "Don't eat, don't sleep. Wouldn't you think I'd lose flesh? Kit—lower his voice solemnly—"I have gained two pounds!"

I said he didn't look it, which appeared to comfort him somewhat, and because we were old friends, I asked him where Bella was. He said he thought she was in Europe, and that he had heard she was going to marry Reggie Wolfe. Then he sighed again, muttered something about ordering the funeral baked meats to be prepared and left me.

That was my entire share in the affair. I was the victim, both of circumstances and of their plot, which was made on the face of it. During the entire time they never once let me forget that I got up the dinner, that I telephoned around for them. They asked me why I couldn't cook—when not one of them knew one side of a range from the other. And for Anne Brown to talk the way she did—saying I had always been crazy about Jim, and that she believed I had known all along that his aunt was coming—for Anne to talk like that was sheer idiocy. Yes, there was an aunt. The Japanese butler started the trouble, and Aunt Selma carried it along.

CHAPTER II.

The Way It Began.

It makes me angry every time I think how I tried to make that dinner a success. I canceled a theater engagement, and I took the Mercer girls in the electric brougham father had given me for Christmas. Their chauffeur had been gone for hours with their machine, and they had telephoned all the police stations without success. They were afraid that there had been an awful smash; they could easily have replaced Bartlett, as Lolli said, but it takes so long to get new parts for those foreign cars.

Jim had a house well up town, and it stood just enough apart from the other houses to be entirely maddening later. It was a three-story affair, with a basement kitchen and servants' dining room. Then, of course, there were cellars, as we found out afterward. On the first floor there was a large square hall, a formal reception room, behind it a big living room that was also a library, then a den, and back of all a Georgian dining room, with windows high above the ground. On the top floor Jim had a studio, like every other one I ever saw—perhaps a little mussier. Jim was really a grind at his painting, and there were cigarette ashes and palette knives and buffalo rugs and shields every where. It is strange, but when I think of that terrible house, I always see the halls, enormous, covered with heavy rugs, and stairs that would have taken six housemaids to keep in proper condition. I dream about those stairs, stretching above me in a Jacob's ladder of shining wood and Persian carpets, going up, up, clear to the roof.

The Dallas Browns walked; they lived in the next block. And they brought with them a man named Harrison, that no one knew. Anne said he would be great sport, because he was terribly serious, and had the most exaggerated ideas of society, and loathed extravagance, and built bridges or something. She had put away her cigarettes since he had been with them—he and Dallas had been college friends—and the only chance she had to smoke was when she was getting her hair done. And she had signed off quite a lot—a burnt offering, she called it.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

EMPIRE VS. HOOSIER STATE. When a pompous New Yorker, and when he struck Washington street with his line of talk he was one of the greatest men who ever crossed the Alleghenies, says Indianapolis Star.

"Why," he muttered, "you folks out here are 'way behind the times. In my town we have everything that makes life worth living. We have our opera, we have our clever men, we have our wonderful buildings, we have the Atlantic ocean, we have progress, civilization, lovely women, manly men, bewildering and beautiful restaurants, the splendor of which the poets could not have described; marvelous summer resorts, where a gay galaxy of merry-makers cavort and make the night light with their jests and laughter; we have the mighty captains of finance, who direct the nation's resources."

The grizzled old street cleaner, who was listening to his airy peroration, paid heed for a few moments, then he said:

"You may have all that, but they're no thing you ain't got. You ain't got no literachor, and that's where us out here in Indanny is strong."

Something to Remember.

Bear this in mind, love letters are never burned until after you've married the girl, and sometimes not then.

—Detroit Free Press.

DIDN'T LIKE HIS NAME

Hazel was eighteen and the amount of dignity that one can produce on short notice at eighteen is nothing short of appalling.

"I am sure," she said on this occasion, "that Mr. Campayne-Smith has a perfect right to do as he chooses." Then she marched out of the room.

"Campayne-Smith! Bah!" barked Aunt Amelia.

When a woman has so much money that she could run coupons through a chopper and use them for breakfast food she can bark if she chooses, so Hazel's mother held her peace.

Before Aunt Amelia had arrived for a visit Hazel's family had not been in the least upset by Thomas Campayne-Smith. It was merely a pleasurable novelty to know a young man with a hyphenated name. Just "Mr. Smith" aroused no flutter, but when you said, "Mr. Campayne-Smith" you felt that you really had said something. However, the young man was well bred and quite harmless—the kind that you never think about twice. Hazel herself never took the trouble to put on her best gown when he was coming, so one can readily see that there was no reason for any one to get excited about his visits.

But at the very start Aunt Amelia had appeared vastly irritated at his name.

"I hate affectation!" Aunt Amelia had declared.

"But that's his name!" said Hazel, in polite surprise.

"Fiddlesticks!" retorted her aunt. "No human being ever was born with a hyphen in his name! He just stuck it in to try to be fashionable! It's as bad as a man's signing himself 'W. Henry Jones.' Instead of 'William H. Jones.' I don't like it. You'd do well to drop him, Hazel, for any man can't amount to a row of pins juggling around a name like that!"

At this, of course, Hazel instantly was converted into a most ardent champion of the abused and despised Campayne-Smith and cherished him with great tenderness. Whenever he appeared upon the scene or was even mentioned a battle began.

"Is Mr. Smith coming this evening?" Aunt Amelia would inquire.

Then her niece would raise her eyebrows inquiringly. "Oh," she would say, sweetly, after having thought, "you mean Mr. Campayne-Smith, aunt? Yes, he is coming."

"I mean nothing of the sort!" Aunt Amelia would declare. "I mean that Smith man, just as I said."

Then Hazel's mother would hastily turn the conversation into some other channel.

"Good evening, Mr. Smith," Aunt Amelia would say later on.

"Mr. Campayne-Smith, aunt," Hazel would say, in an undertone.

"I said Smith," Aunt Amelia would repeat loudly and coldly, withering the possessor of the disputed name with a look.

As for Campayne-Smith, he appeared to take Aunt Amelia's attitude as a mild sort of joke. Nobody had ever before objected violently to his name.

"I don't know what I can do about it," he said one evening to Hazel; after Aunt Amelia had been particularly pointed in her disapprobation. "I might chop out the hyphen with an ax, only it's really so harmless!"

"Your name is perfectly lovely!" Hazel declared. "You leave it alone!"

She felt a protecting interest in the name which she had been defending, and the interest spread to its owner. She was surprised that she had never discovered before what a particularly fine young man young Campayne-Smith was despite the fact that he didn't make a great surface showing.

Aunt Amelia stayed a month and the night before she left Campayne-Smith happened to call.

"Good evening, Mr. Smith," she said.

"Campayne-Smith, aunt," Hazel prompted, mechanically.

"Smith, I said!" repeated Aunt Amelia as usual. It appeared to infuriate her that the young man only smiled at her blandly.

"Hazel," she told her niece when she bade her good-by, "I always intended to do something handsome for you when you married, but if you marry that Smith man, who has to tie his name together with a ribbon bow, it's quite likely that I'll do otherwise."

Six months later Hazel and Campayne-Smith got married. It would not have been human nature for them to have done otherwise. After they returned from their wedding trip and were getting settled in their new flat a letter from Aunt Amelia came to them. It was addressed to "Mr. and Mrs. Thomas C. Smith." Aunt Amelia said, among other things:

"I suppose if people choose to make a crocheted tidy out of their name they can't be stopped. Thomas had a nice enough smile, as I recall him, and he certainly was polite and never talked back. But there is no law to prevent me from writing his name as I choose and I don't believe you'll have any trouble getting the inclosure cashed."

Inside the letter was a draft for \$1,000 made out uncompromisingly to "Hazel C. Smith."

"Anyhow," said Campayne-Smith when his wife waved the draft excitedly at him, "I always did like Aunt Amelia! If she chooses to hate hyphens instead of Wagner music and oblige skirts, why so she shall, bless her heart!"

FLAX IS PROFITABLE

Wonderful Paying Proposition in Western Canadian Prairies.

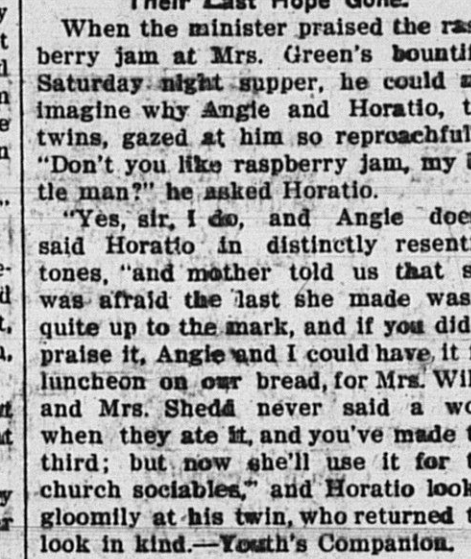
So much is heard of the wheat, oats and barley grown in the prairie lands of western Canada, and so much has been told of the raising of cattle on the succulent and rich grasses of those fertile plains, that a most important product has been almost lost sight of, Flax. Recent press reports advise us that on one of the last boats to clear from Fort William (at the head of Lake Superior) for Buffalo, there were 241,000 bushels of flax valued at \$583,220, and on another boat leaving the same day there were 288,000 bushels valued at \$720,000. There has been a big demand for Canadian flax this season, and the lake movement has been very heavy. Flax is always a sure crop, and gives to the farmer who is anxious for quick return after getting on his land, the chance he is looking for. There is opportunity for thousands yet, on the free homesteads of 160 acres, and many of these are available within short distance of the lines of railway that are already built or under construction, either on the main line or branches. Besides these free grant lands there is an opportunity to purchase from railway and land companies at reasonable prices.

The display of western Canada's grains in the straw as well as threshed grain and grasses recently made at St. Louis was an excellent demonstration of what the country can do. It proved splendid as an illustration of the resources of that vast prairie country, which during the past year has again proven its ability to produce excellent yields of wheat, oats and barley—and flax. Not only this, but the splendid herds of cattle are a source of large revenue. There is a fund of information to be had by reading the Canadian government literature, copies of which may be had free by applying to your nearest Canadian government agent.

Their Last Hope Gone. When the minister praised the raspberry jam at Mrs. Green's bountiful Saturday night supper, he could not imagine why Angie and Horatio, the twins, gazed at him so reproachfully. "Don't you like raspberry jam, my little man?" he asked Horatio. "Yes, sir, I do, and Angie does," said Horatio in distinctly resentful tones, "and mother told us that she was afraid the last she made wasn't quite up to the mark, and if you didn't praise it, Angie and I could have it for luncheon on our bread, for Mrs. Willis and Mrs. Shedd never said a word when they ate it, and you've made the third; but now she'll use it for the church societies," said Horatio looking gloomily at his twin, who returned the look in kind.—Youth's Companion.

The next time you feel that swallowing sensation, the sure sign of sore throat, gargle Fleming's Wizard Oil immediately with three parts water. It will save you days and perhaps weeks of misery.

WAITING FOR TROUBLE.



How long would they have to wait for a kiss if you were there, dear boy?

Feminine Financiering. He—I've won our bet on the football game and you owe me ten kisses. She (a commercial school graduate).—Very well, I'll give you a draft on mamma.

OLD COMMON SENSE. Change Food When You Feel Out of Sorts.

"A great deal depends upon yourself and the kind of food you eat," the wise old doctor said to a man who came to him sick with stomach trouble and sick headache once or twice a week, and who had been taking pills and different medicines for three or four years.

He was induced to stop eating any sort of fried food or meat for breakfast, and was put on Grape-Nuts and cream, leaving off all medicines.

In a few days he began to get better, and now he has entirely recovered and writes that he is in better health than he has been before in twenty years. This man is 68 years old and says he feels "like a new man all the time."

Read "The Road to Wellville," in pks. "There's a Reason."

Now read the above letter! A new cure appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

Long Time Coming. Real College Boy. (Waiting for his change in department store)—This suspense is simply maddening, Eme-raldo! Hadn't you better start a tracer after my change? Saleswoman (meanly, but sweetly)—Just like money from home, isn't it, Archibald?—Drake Delphic.

Not the Type. "I hear you were very much disappointed in your mother-in-law." "Completely so." "In what way?" "Why, she's simply perfect!"

MILLIONS OF FAMILIES are using SYRUP OF FIGS and ELIXIR OF SENNA

FOR COLIC AND HEADACHES, INDIGESTION AND SOUR STOMACH, GAS AND FERMENTATION, CONSTIPATION AND BILIOUSNESS, WITH MOST SATISFACTORY RESULTS.

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MADE IN U.S.A. \$3, \$3.50 & \$4 SHOES FOR MEN, BOYS' SHOES, \$2.00, \$2.50 AND \$3.00. BEST IN THE WORLD.

It could take you into my large factories at Brockton, Mass., and show you how carefully W. L. Douglas shoes are made. The superior workmanship and the high grade leathers used, you would then understand why Dollar for Dollar I Guarantee My Shoes to hold their shape, look and fit better and wear longer than any other \$3.00, \$3.50 or \$4.00 shoes you can buy.

Do you realize that my shoes have been the standard for over 30 years? That make and sell more \$3.00, \$3.50 and \$4.00 shoes than any other manufacturer in the United States? W. L. Douglas, President, Quality Counts. It has made W. L. Douglas shoes a household word everywhere.

CAUTION! None genuine without W. L. Douglas name and price stamped on the bottom. If your dealer cannot supply you with W. L. Douglas shoes, write for Mail Order Catalog.

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Swift & Company issue every year a calendar illustrated in colors. Swift's Premium Calendar for 1911

is entitled "The Courtships of American Poetry." It contains reproductions of four beautiful paintings—"John Alden and Priscilla," "Hiawatha and Minnehaha," "Maude Muller and the Judge," "Evangeline and Gabriel."

We want an idea for our 1912 Premium Calendar. Send 10 cents in coin, or stamps, or one cent from a 10¢ Swift's Best Soap wrapper for the 1911 calendar so you may see what's wanted, then send in your idea for the 1912 calendar.

For the best idea submitted and adopted we will pay March 1st, 1911, \$25.00 cash. 2nd, \$20.00. 3rd, \$15.00. 4th, \$10.00. 5th and 6th, \$5.00. 7th to 11th, \$2.00. 12th to 21st, \$1.00. Ideas must be by February 15th to be considered.

Send for Swift's Premium Calendar for 1911 to-day. You will have to have it to get the idea.

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at the recent Spokane Fair was awarded to the Alberta Government for its exhibit of grain, grasses and vegetables. Reports of excellent yields for 1910 come also from Saskatchewan and Manitoba in Western Canada.

Exact homesteads of 160 acres and adjoining pre-emptions of 160 acres (at \$3 per acre) are to be had in the choicest districts.

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East bound	7:54 am	9:54 am	11:54 am
West bound	1:54 pm	3:54 pm	5:54 pm

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East bound—10 am	and every two hours to 11:50 pm.	To Ypsilanti only, 11:55 pm.	
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BREVITIES

UNADILLA—Howard Marshall of Unadilla went to Big Rapids Monday of last week where he entered the Ferris Institute.

HOWELL—The postmasters of Livingston county will meet Tuesday, January 17, at one o'clock at Kisby's hall, Hamburg, for the election of officers.

CLINTON—The members of Clinton Grange have decided to dispense with the expense of a hall. They will keep their charter and hold the meetings at the homes of the members.

UNADILLA—Chas. Hartsuff of Unadilla was drawn as one of the jurors in the case of C. Lane, who is on trial in the Livingston circuit court on the charge of murder. The trial was commenced last Thursday afternoon.

MANCHESTER—The Manchester grange had installation of officers Wednesday. Mr. and Mrs. George T. English of Chelsea came over to do the work for them. Afterward they had dinner at which 60 sat down and then they had a jolly time.—Enterprise.

CLIFTON—E. B. Rynd has sold his farm of 338 acres on the south shore of Wampler's lake to Herman O. Hane of Defiance, Ohio. Consideration \$17,000. Mr. Rynd takes a hardware stock and brick block in part payment. He expects to give possession before April 1st.

FOWLERVILLE—A man who sent a dollar for a "potato bug killer" received two blocks of wood with the following directions: "Take the block which is No. 1 in the right hand, place the bug on No. 2 and press them together. Remove the unfortunate and proceed as before."—Standard.

ANN ARBOR—"Help!" "Robbers!" These cries brought 400 University of Michigan students tumbling out of boarding houses near the campus Tuesday evening about 6 o'clock. They pursued a man and after a chase of four blocks caught him. He proved to be John Crawford, negro porter of the Chi Psi Phi fraternity house. He is accused of snatching a woman's pocketbook. Crawford is now under suspended sentence. He was marched to the jail by a brigade of about 300 students, who left their meals unfinished to accompany Crawford to the bastille.

JACKSON—The prison monthly report for December shows that the collections during that time from the sale of binder twine amounted to \$16,926.68; that \$54.55 was received from visitors, and there was paid over to the inmates for work the sum of \$4,567.73. The per capita cost for food for the prisoners per day was fourteen cents and seven mills. On the first day of the month the prisoners numbered 747, but on the last day had been reduced to 740. Thirteen new prisoners were received, two were returned for violating parole, four were discharged, five were transferred to Marquette and nine were released on parole.

DEXTER—A serious fire was narrowly averted Thursday afternoon in the home of Maurice Nash of South Webster. Mrs. Nash was in Ann Arbor and Mr. Nash had not yet returned from work. When Richard, their little son, came home from school, he gave the coal stove a poking and it is supposed laid the hot poker on the carpet, going out again to play. Some time after Mrs. Horn, a neighbor, coming into the kitchen for a pail of water, found the house full of smoke, and a blaze in the sitting room. She quickly threw water all around and succeeded in subduing the flames. No great damage was done, with the exception of a badly burned carpet. If Mrs. Horn had not arrived when she did the house would probably have been burned as facilities for putting out fires are rather meagre in Webster.

YPSILANTI—A colored man identified as Charles Smith was run down by a west-bound Michigan Central train near the Lowell paper mills, three miles west of Ypsilanti, between 6 and 7 o'clock Monday night. Smith was between 60 and 70 years of age, and leaves a wife and daughter who live near the Lowell mills. His body, with almost every bone above the hips broken and the face crushed, was found lying between the tracks by a laborer employed at the Michigan Central ice pond near the Lowell mills. Coroner Willis Johnson was notified, and accompanied by Deputy Sheriff Mat Max, drove to the scene of the accident. The body was frozen to the ground when they arrived. From the nature of the man's injuries it would seem that he had heard the train and turned just in time to receive the terrific impact of the cylinder head on his face and chest. Death must have been instantaneous. Inquiry at the Smith home developed the fact that Smith did not return home Monday night, which is thought to complete the identification.

DEXTER—Joe Ferguson, known as colored Joe, was calling on the Dexter business men Saturday, bidding them farewell. He left Sunday for Tennessee to visit his wife and sons, whom he had not seen in 18 years.

MANCHESTER—On Saturday, January 7, 1911, occurred the death of Christopher Kaupp, aged 54 years. Mr. Kaupp was sick about a week and died of peritonitis, leaving a wife and seven children. The funeral was held Monday, January 9, at the Sharon church.

ANN ARBOR—Burt Delker, working under a pulley carrying a cable attached to an elevator on which ice was carried in an ice house Tuesday. He was 27 years old. The pulley was torn from its fastenings and struck him on the head, crushing his skull like an egg shell.

TECUMSEH—The January term of circuit court convened Monday morning. One case is that of Fred Kolkoensch of this place for violating the local option law. Kolkoensch stood mute. D. C. Ellis of Blissfield was also charged with violation of the local option law.

ANN ARBOR—Deputy County Clerk Eugene K. Frueauf went to Toledo Monday morning with the local court records in the case of the late Toledo Portland Cement company of Manchester against William Watts of Toledo. His testimony was needed in an effort to have the Ohio courts enforce a judgment of the Michigan supreme court for \$7,000 against Watts.

ANN ARBOR—At a national convention of Pi Upsilon Rho, held in Philadelphia last week, Ann Arbor was selected for the next place to hold its convention and the week of the big Michigan-Pennsylvania game was selected as the time. Dr. C. A. Burgett of the homeopathic medical faculty of the university of Michigan, was elected grand presiding officer for the next convention.

HOWELL—Joseph White of Cohoctah who committed suicide in Detroit, wrote a letter to Dr. Fox, received Thursday, informing him where he was and that he would shoot himself. "If my friends want my body," he wrote, "tell them to go there and get it." Dr. Fox at once telephoned the brother, John White. Detective Brooks of Detroit was notified, went to the hotel, and found White dead.

Council Proceedings.

[OFFICIAL.]

COUNCIL ROOMS,

Chelsea, Mich., January 4, 1911. Pursuant to the call of the president, Board met in special session, meeting called to order by Geo. P. Staffan, President. Roll called by the clerk. Present, trustees McKune, Hammond, Lowry, Hummel, Dancer and Palmer. Absent, none.

State of Michigan, County of Washtenaw, Village of Chelsea, ss. To J. E. McKune, Ed. Hammond, M. A. Lowry, Jacob Hummel, J. N. Dancer and G. W. Palmer trustees of said village. Please take notice that I hereby appoint a special meeting of the Common Council of said village, to be held in the council rooms, on Wednesday evening, January 4, 1911, at the hour of 7 o'clock p. m. (standard) for the purpose of allowing bills and for the transaction of such other business as may come before the council.

GEO. P. STAFFAN, President of the Village of Chelsea.

Dated, January 4, 1911.

State of Michigan, County of Washtenaw, Village of Chelsea, ss. Chas. Hepburn marshal of said village, being duly sworn, deposes and says, that on the 4th day of January, 1911, before the hour of 7 o'clock of said day he served a true copy of the attached appointment of a special meeting of the council of said village, upon all the persons therein named, by delivering personally a true copy of the same to each of the following named persons, viz: J. E. McKune, Ed. Hammond, M. A. Lowry, J. Hummel, J. N. Dancer and G. W. Palmer at the same time informing said persons with whom copies were left of the nature of the notice, at least six hours before said 7 o'clock p. m.

CHAS. HEPBURN, Marshal of the village of Chelsea.

Sworn and subscribed to me this 4th day of January 1911, Herbert D. Witherell, notary public for Washtenaw county, State of Michigan. My commission expires February 5, 1911. Minutes read and approved. The following bills were then read as follows:

ELECTRIC LIGHT FUND.
American Elect. Supply Co.,
sad iron, pad, less 2 percent \$ 8 00
P. E. Adair, frt. on coal car No. 16264..... 54 40
C. Merker, unloading coal car No. 16264..... 4 31
John F. Maler, 1 mo. salary..... 37 50
David Alber, 1 mo. salary..... 27 50
Sam Trouten, 1 mo. salary..... 27 50
E. Paul, 1 mo. salary..... 27 50
M. A. Lowry, 1 mo. salary..... 27 50
Anna Hoag, 1 mo. salary..... 10 00
P. E. Adair, frt. 2 cars coal No. 9,339 16,787..... 103 92
C. Merker, unloading cars coal No. 9,339 16,787..... 9 16
James Dann, draying..... 1 60
Walter Kantelehn, express..... 1 55

A. E. Winans, express..... 7 05
Sunday Creek Co., 3 cars coal..... 99 30
W. G. Nagel Elect. Co., lamps..... 97 35
F. C. Teal Co., lamps and wire..... 67 54
Duncan Elect. Co., meters..... 129 30
National Carbon Co., carbons..... 22 25

GENERAL FUND.

C. Hepburn, 1 mo. salary..... 22 30

Chelsea Standard, printing November and December..... 2 50

STREET FUND.

A. Avery, cleaning crosswalks..... 50

James Dann, draying..... 65

Moved by Hummel, seconded by Lowry, that the bills be allowed as read and orders drawn on the treasurer for their amounts. Carried.

Moved by McKune, seconded by Hummel, that the village attorney be instructed to begin proceedings at once against the D. U. R. railway for obstructing the main street crossing and sidewalk.

Yeas McKune, Hammond, Lowry, Hummel, Dancer and Palmer. Nays none. Carried.

Moved and supported that this meeting stand adjourned until Monday night, January 9, 1911. Carried.

W. H. HESELSCHWERT, Village Clerk.

Chelsea, Mich., January 9, 1911.

Pursuant to regular adjourned meeting of January 4th, board met in special session. Meeting called to order by Geo. P. Staffan president. Roll called by the clerk. Present, trustees McKune, Hammond, Lowry, Hummel, Dancer, Absent, Palmer.

Moved by Lowry, seconded by Hammond, that we purchase of the Union Steam Pump Co. of Battle Creek 1 Burnham hot water boiler feed pump 8 1/2x10, said pump to cost \$145 f. o. b. Battle Creek. Yeas, McKune, Hammond, Lowry, Hummel, Dancer. Nays none.

On motion board adjourned.

W. H. HESELSCHWERT, Clerk.

COUNCIL ROOMS,

Chelsea, Mich., Jan. 11, 1911.

Pursuant to the call of the President the board met in special session. Meeting called to order by Geo. P. Staffan president. Roll called by the clerk. Present, trustees McKune, Hammond, Lowry, Hummel, Dancer, Palmer. Absent, none.

State of Michigan, County of Washtenaw, Village of Chelsea, ss. To J. E. McKune, Ed. Hammond, M. A. Lowry, Jacob Hummel, J. N. Dancer and Geo. W. Palmer, trustees of said village. Please take notice that I hereby appoint a special meeting of the common council of said village, to be held in the council rooms, on Wednesday, January 11, 1911, at the hour of 7 o'clock p. m., for the purpose of granting the Commonwealth Power Co. permission to set poles and maintain wires for transmission of power along certain streets of the village of Chelsea, and for the transaction of such other business as may come before the council.

GEO. P. STAFFAN, President of the Village of Chelsea.

Dated, Jan. 11, 1911.

State of Michigan, County of Washtenaw, Village of Chelsea, ss. Chas. Hepburn marshal of said village, being duly sworn, deposes and says, that on the 11th day of January, 1911, before the hour of 7 o'clock of said day he served a true copy of the attached appointment of a special meeting of the council of said village, upon all the persons therein named, by delivering personally a true copy of the same to each of the following named persons, viz: J. E. McKune, Ed. Hammond, M. A. Lowry, J. Hummel, J. N. Dancer and G. W. Palmer, at the same time informing said persons with whom copies were left of the nature of the notice, at least six hours before said 7 o'clock p. m.

CHAS. HEPBURN, Marshal of the village of Chelsea.

Sworn and subscribed to before me this 11th day of January, 1911. Herbert D. Witherell, notary public for Washtenaw county, state of Michigan.

DETROIT BUSINESS UNIVERSITY

15-21 Grand River Ave., E.

would like to send you full particulars about its work and success of its graduates. Write E. R. Shaw, Secretary.

My commission expires Feb'y 5, 1911.

Ordinance No. 47 was presented and read as follows:

ORDINANCE NO. 47.

An Ordinance granting permission to the Commonwealth Power Co., of Jackson, Mich., to set poles and maintain wires for transmission of power along certain streets of the village of Chelsea.

Section 1. That consent and permission are hereby granted to the Commonwealth Power Co. to set poles, and thereon to string wires for the transmission of electricity beginning at the sub-station of the Commonwealth Power Company at the intersection of the Detroit United Railway track and Main street in said village; and running thence east along Van Buren street to East street; thence north along East street to Washington street; thence east along Washington street to Madison street; thence north along Madison street to Jackson street; thence southwest along Jackson street to East street; thence north along East street to the plant of the Grant & Wood Manufacturing Co.

Section 2. In constructing and repairing said line along streets aforesaid all poles or apparatus that may interfere with the rights of others or the public use of said streets by the village, shall be set in such places as the common council shall designate. And the said council reserves the right to order said Company to change the location of any of its poles or wires along said streets whenever it shall deem it proper to do so, and said Commonwealth Power Co. upon receipt of such orders shall make the change required within a reasonable length of time.

Section 3. In constructing said line said Company shall not unreasonably obstruct any of said streets and shall hold and save said Village harmless from damages resulting from the use of said streets for the transmission of power.

Section 4. This Ordinance shall take effect and be in full force from and after its publication.

Moved by Jacob Hummel, seconded by J. E. McKune that Ordinance No. 47 be accepted and adopted as read by the clerk.

Yeas—McKune, Hammond, Lowry, Hummel, Dancer and Palmer. Nays—None. Carried.

Approved, January 11th, 1911.

GEO. P. STAFFAN, President of the Village of Chelsea.

W. H. HESELSCHWERT, Clerk.

Moved by Jacob Hummel, seconded by M. A. Lowry, that the president appoint a committee of three, himself included, to confer with the Commonwealth Power Co. regarding the location of line. Carried.

Committee—Geo. P. Staffan, Geo. W. Palmer and M. A. Lowry.

Minutes of the previous meetings was then read.

Moved by Hummel, and seconded by Hammond that the minutes stand approved as read by the clerk.

Yeas—McKune, Hammond, Lowry, Hummel, Dancer and Palmer. Nays—None. Carried.

On motion board adjourned.

W. H. HESELSCHWERT, Clerk.

Parson's Poem A Gem.

From Rev. H. Stubenvoll, Allison, Ia., in praise of Dr. King's New Life Pills.

"They're such a healthy necessity, In every home these pills should be. If other kinds you've tried in vain, USE DR. KING'S."

And be well again. Only 25c at L. T. Freeman Co., H. H. Penn. Co., L. P. Vogel.

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